

# Package ‘nethet’

January 23, 2026

**Type** Package

**Title** A bioconductor package for high-dimensional exploration of biological network heterogeneity

**Version** 1.42.0

**Date** 2020-09-27

**Author** Nicolas Staedler, Frank Dondelinger

**Maintainer** Nicolas Staedler <staedler.n@gmail.com>,  
Frank Dondelinger <fdondelinger.work@gmail.com>

**Description** Package nethet is an implementation of statistical solid methodology enabling the analysis of network heterogeneity from high-dimensional data. It combines several implementations of recent statistical innovations useful for estimation and comparison of networks in a heterogeneous, high-dimensional setting. In particular, we provide code for formal two-sample testing in Gaussian graphical models (differential network and GGM-GSA; Stadler and Mukherjee, 2013, 2014) and make a novel network-based clustering algorithm available (mixed graphical lasso, Stadler and Mukherjee, 2013).

**Imports** glasso, mvtnorm, GeneNet, huge, CompQuadForm, ggm, mclust, parallel, GSA, limma, multtest, ICSNP, glmnet, network, ggplot2, grDevices, graphics, stats, utils

**Suggests** knitr, xtable, BiocStyle, testthat

**biocViews** Clustering, GraphAndNetwork

**VignetteBuilder** knitr

**License** GPL-2

**RoxygenNote** 6.1.1

**git\_url** <https://git.bioconductor.org/packages/nethet>

**git\_branch** RELEASE\_3\_22

**git\_last\_commit** bc1b9c9

**git\_last\_commit\_date** 2025-10-29

**Repository** Bioconductor 3.22

**Date/Publication** 2026-01-22

## Contents

|                                 |    |
|---------------------------------|----|
| NetHet-package . . . . .        | 4  |
| agg.pval . . . . .              | 4  |
| agg.score.iriz.scale . . . . .  | 5  |
| agg.score.iriz.shift . . . . .  | 5  |
| aggpval . . . . .               | 6  |
| aic.glasso . . . . .            | 6  |
| beta.mat . . . . .              | 7  |
| beta.mat.diffregr . . . . .     | 8  |
| bic.glasso . . . . .            | 8  |
| buildDotPlotDataFrame . . . . . | 9  |
| bwprun_mixglasso . . . . .      | 10 |
| cv.fold . . . . .               | 11 |
| cv.glasso . . . . .             | 12 |
| diffnet_multisplit . . . . .    | 13 |
| diffnet_pval . . . . .          | 15 |
| diffnet_singlesplit . . . . .   | 16 |
| diffregr_multisplit . . . . .   | 18 |
| diffregr_pval . . . . .         | 20 |
| diffregr_singlesplit . . . . .  | 22 |
| dot_plot . . . . .              | 24 |
| error.bars . . . . .            | 25 |
| est2.my.ev2 . . . . .           | 25 |
| est2.my.ev2.diffregr . . . . .  | 26 |
| est2.my.ev3 . . . . .           | 27 |
| est2.my.ev3.diffregr . . . . .  | 28 |
| est2.ww.mat.diffregr . . . . .  | 29 |
| est2.ww.mat2 . . . . .          | 30 |
| est2.ww.mat2.diffregr . . . . . | 30 |
| export_network . . . . .        | 31 |
| EXPStep.mix . . . . .           | 32 |
| func.unit . . . . .             | 33 |
| generate_2networks . . . . .    | 34 |
| generate_inv_cov . . . . .      | 35 |
| getinvcov . . . . .             | 35 |
| ggmsa_multisplit . . . . .      | 36 |
| ggmsa_singlesplit . . . . .     | 38 |
| glasso.invcov . . . . .         | 39 |
| glasso.invcov . . . . .         | 39 |
| glasso.parcov . . . . .         | 40 |
| gsea.highdimT2 . . . . .        | 40 |
| gsea.iriz . . . . .             | 41 |
| gsea.iriz.scale . . . . .       | 42 |
| gsea.iriz.shift . . . . .       | 43 |
| gsea.t2cov . . . . .            | 44 |
| het_cv_glasso . . . . .         | 44 |
| hugepath . . . . .              | 45 |
| inf.mat . . . . .               | 46 |
| invcov2parcov . . . . .         | 47 |
| invcov2parcov_array . . . . .   | 47 |
| lambda.max . . . . .            | 48 |

|                                    |    |
|------------------------------------|----|
| lambdagrid_lin . . . . .           | 48 |
| lambdagrid_mult . . . . .          | 49 |
| loglik_mix . . . . .               | 49 |
| logratio . . . . .                 | 50 |
| logratio.diffregr . . . . .        | 51 |
| make_grid . . . . .                | 51 |
| mcov . . . . .                     | 52 |
| mixglasso . . . . .                | 52 |
| mixglasso_init . . . . .           | 55 |
| mixglasso_ncomp_fixed . . . . .    | 56 |
| mle.ggm . . . . .                  | 57 |
| MStepGlasso . . . . .              | 58 |
| my.ev2.diffregr . . . . .          | 59 |
| my.p.adjust . . . . .              | 59 |
| my.ttest . . . . .                 | 60 |
| my.ttest2 . . . . .                | 60 |
| mytrunc.method . . . . .           | 61 |
| perm.diffregr_pval . . . . .       | 61 |
| perm.diffregr_teststat . . . . .   | 62 |
| plot.diffnet . . . . .             | 63 |
| plot.diffregr . . . . .            | 63 |
| plot.gmgmsa . . . . .              | 64 |
| plot.nethetclustering . . . . .    | 64 |
| plotCV . . . . .                   | 65 |
| plot_2networks . . . . .           | 66 |
| print.nethetsummary . . . . .      | 67 |
| q.matrix.diffregr . . . . .        | 67 |
| q.matrix.diffregr3 . . . . .       | 68 |
| q.matrix.diffregr4 . . . . .       | 68 |
| q.matrix3 . . . . .                | 69 |
| q.matrix4 . . . . .                | 70 |
| scatter_plot . . . . .             | 70 |
| screen_aic.glasso . . . . .        | 72 |
| screen_bic.glasso . . . . .        | 73 |
| screen_cv.glasso . . . . .         | 74 |
| screen_cv1se.lasso . . . . .       | 75 |
| screen_cvfix.lasso . . . . .       | 75 |
| screen_cvmin.lasso . . . . .       | 76 |
| screen_cvsqrt.lasso . . . . .      | 77 |
| screen_cvtrunc.lasso . . . . .     | 77 |
| screen_full . . . . .              | 78 |
| screen_shrink . . . . .            | 79 |
| shapiro_screen . . . . .           | 79 |
| sim_mix . . . . .                  | 80 |
| sim_mix_networks . . . . .         | 81 |
| sparse_conc . . . . .              | 82 |
| summary.diffnet . . . . .          | 82 |
| summary.diffregr . . . . .         | 83 |
| summary.gmgmsa . . . . .           | 83 |
| summary.nethetclustering . . . . . | 84 |
| sumoffdiag . . . . .               | 84 |
| symmkldist . . . . .               | 85 |

|                                 |    |
|---------------------------------|----|
| t2cov.lr . . . . .              | 85 |
| t2diagcov.lr . . . . .          | 86 |
| test.sd . . . . .               | 86 |
| test.t2 . . . . .               | 87 |
| tr . . . . .                    | 87 |
| twosample_single_regr . . . . . | 88 |
| w.kldist . . . . .              | 88 |
| ww.mat . . . . .                | 89 |
| ww.mat.diffregr . . . . .       | 90 |
| ww.mat2 . . . . .               | 90 |
| ww.mat2.diffregr . . . . .      | 91 |

|              |           |
|--------------|-----------|
| <b>Index</b> | <b>92</b> |
|--------------|-----------|

---

|                |                       |
|----------------|-----------------------|
| NetHet-package | <i>NetHet-package</i> |
|----------------|-----------------------|

---

**Description**

A bioconductor package for high-dimensional exploration of biological network heterogeneity

**Details**

Includes: \*Network-based clustering (MixGLasso) \*Differential network (DiffNet) \*Differential regression (DiffRegr) \*Gene-set analysis based on graphical models (GGMGSA) \*Plotting functions for exploring network heterogeneity

**References**

Stadler, N. and Mukherjee, S. (2013). Two-Sample Testing in High-Dimensional Models. Preprint <http://arxiv.org/abs/1210.4584>.

---

|          |                                                     |
|----------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| agg.pval | <i>P-value aggregation (Meinshausen et al 2009)</i> |
|----------|-----------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

P-value aggregation

**Usage**

agg.pval(gamma, pval)

**Arguments**

|       |                            |
|-------|----------------------------|
| gamma | see Meinshausen et al 2009 |
| pval  | vector of p-values         |

**Value**

inf-quantile aggregated p-value

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

`agg.score.iriz.scale`    *Irizarry aggregate score (scale)*

---

**Description**

Irizarry aggregate score (scale)

**Usage**`agg.score.iriz.scale(ttstat, geneset, gene.name)`**Arguments**

|                        |          |
|------------------------|----------|
| <code>ttstat</code>    | no descr |
| <code>geneset</code>   | no descr |
| <code>gene.name</code> | no descr |

**Value**

no descr

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

`agg.score.iriz.shift`    *Irizarry aggregate score (shift)*

---

**Description**

Irizarry aggregate score (shift)

**Usage**`agg.score.iriz.shift(ttstat, geneset, gene.name)`**Arguments**

|                        |          |
|------------------------|----------|
| <code>ttstat</code>    | no descr |
| <code>geneset</code>   | no descr |
| <code>gene.name</code> | no descr |

**Value**

no descr

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

|         |                                        |
|---------|----------------------------------------|
| aggpval | <i>Meinshausen p-value aggregation</i> |
|---------|----------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Meinshausen p-value aggregation.

**Usage**

```
aggpval(pval, gamma.min = 0.05)
```

**Arguments**

|           |                                                                    |
|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| pval      | Vector of p-values.                                                |
| gamma.min | See inf-quantile formula of Meinshausen et al 2009 (default=0.05). |

**Details**

Inf-quantile formula for p-value aggregation presented in Meinshausen et al 2009.

**Value**

Aggregated p-value.

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

**Examples**

```
pval=runif(50)
aggpval(pval)
```

---

|            |                   |
|------------|-------------------|
| aic.glasso | <i>AIC.glasso</i> |
|------------|-------------------|

---

**Description**

AIC.glasso

**Usage**

```
aic.glasso(x, lambda, penalize.diagonal = FALSE, plot.it = TRUE,
  use.package = "huge", include.mean = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

|                   |          |
|-------------------|----------|
| x                 | no descr |
| lambda            | no descr |
| penalize.diagonal | no descr |
| plot.it           | no descr |
| use.package       | no descr |
| include.mean      | no descr |

**Value**

no descr

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

|          |                            |
|----------|----------------------------|
| beta.mat | <i>Compute beta-matrix</i> |
|----------|----------------------------|

---

**Description**

Compute beta-matrix

**Usage**

```
beta.mat(ind1, ind2, sig1, sig2, sig)
```

**Arguments**

|      |          |
|------|----------|
| ind1 | no descr |
| ind2 | no descr |
| sig1 | no descr |
| sig2 | no descr |
| sig  | no descr |

**Details**
$$\text{beta-matrix} = E[s_{\text{ind1}}(Y; \text{sig1}) s_{\text{ind2}}(Y; \text{sig2})' | \text{sig}]$$
**Value**

no descr

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

|                   |                                |
|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| beta.mat.diffregr | <i>Computation beta matrix</i> |
|-------------------|--------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Computation beta matrix

**Usage**

```
beta.mat.diffregr(ind1, ind2, beta1, beta2, beta, sig1, sig2, sig, Sig)
```

**Arguments**

|       |          |
|-------|----------|
| ind1  | no descr |
| ind2  | no descr |
| beta1 | no descr |
| beta2 | no descr |
| beta  | no descr |
| sig1  | no descr |
| sig2  | no descr |
| sig   | no descr |
| Sig   | no descr |

**Value**

no descr

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

|            |                   |
|------------|-------------------|
| bic.glasso | <i>BIC.glasso</i> |
|------------|-------------------|

---

**Description**

BIC.glasso

**Usage**

```
bic.glasso(x, lambda, penalize.diagonal = FALSE, plot.it = TRUE,  
  use.package = "huge", include.mean = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

|                   |          |
|-------------------|----------|
| x                 | no descr |
| lambda            | no descr |
| penalize.diagonal | no descr |
| plot.it           | no descr |
| use.package       | no descr |
| include.mean      | no descr |

**Value**

no descr

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

buildDotPlotDataFrame *Build up dataframe for plotting dot plot with ggplot2*

---

**Description**

Internal function

**Usage**

```
buildDotPlotDataFrame(net.clustering, cluster.names, node.names)
```

**Arguments**

|                |               |
|----------------|---------------|
| net.clustering | Clustering    |
| cluster.names  | Cluster names |
| node.names     | Node names    |

**Value**

A data frame for plotting the dotPlot with ggplot2 is returned. Column P.Corr contains the partial correlations of each edge as a numeric, column Mean contains the minimum mean expression of the two proteins (e.g. if the edge is e(p1, p2), then the column contains min(mean(p1), mean(p2))), column Edge contains the name of the edge as a character string of the form "p1-p2" and column Type contains the cluster name of the cluster that the edge belongs to as a character string.

---

|                  |                         |
|------------------|-------------------------|
| bwprun_mixglasso | <i>bwprun_mixglasso</i> |
|------------------|-------------------------|

---

## Description

Mixglasso with backward pruning

## Usage

```
bwprun_mixglasso(x, n.comp.min = 1, n.comp.max, lambda = sqrt(2 *
  nrow(x) * log(ncol(x)))/2, pen = "glasso.parcor",
  selection.crit = "mmdl", term = 10^{ -3 }, min.compsize = 5,
  init = "kmeans.hc", my.cl = NULL, modelname.hc = "VVV",
  nstart.kmeans = 1, iter.max.kmeans = 10, reinit.out = FALSE,
  reinit.in = FALSE, mer = TRUE, del = TRUE, ...)
```

## Arguments

|                 |                                                                                                                                |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| x               | Input data matrix                                                                                                              |
| n.comp.min      | Minimum number of components. Take n.comp.min=1 !                                                                              |
| n.comp.max      | Maximum number of components                                                                                                   |
| lambda          | Regularization parameter. Default=sqrt(2*n*log(p))/2                                                                           |
| pen             | Determines form of penalty: glasso.parcor (default), glasso.invcov, glasso.invcor                                              |
| selection.crit  | Selection criterion. Default='mmdl'                                                                                            |
| term            | Termination criterion of EM algorithm. Default=10^-3                                                                           |
| min.compsize    | Stop EM if any(compsize)<min.compsize; Default=5                                                                               |
| init            | Initialization. Method used for initialization init='cl.init','r.means','random','kmeans','kmeans.hc','h'. Default='kmeans.hc' |
| my.cl           | Initial cluster assignments; need to be provided if init='cl.init' (otherwise this param is ignored). Default=NULL             |
| modelname.hc    | Model class used in hc. Default="VVV"                                                                                          |
| nstart.kmeans   | Number of random starts in kmeans; default=1                                                                                   |
| iter.max.kmeans | Maximal number of iteration in kmeans; default=10                                                                              |
| reinit.out      | Re-initialization if compsize<min.compsize (at the start of algorithm) ?                                                       |
| reinit.in       | Re-initialization if compsize<min.compsize (at the bwprun-loop level of algorithm) ?                                           |
| mer             | Merge closest comps for initialization                                                                                         |
| del             | Delete smallest comp for initialization                                                                                        |
| ...             | Other arguments. See mixglasso_init                                                                                            |

## Details

This function runs mixglasso with various number of mixture components: It starts with a too large number of components and iterates towards solutions with smaller number of components by initializing using previous solutions.

**Value**

list consisting of

|                   |                                                                                                 |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| selcrit           | Selcrit for all models with number of components between n.comp.min and n.comp.max              |
| res.init          | Initialization for all components                                                               |
| comp.name         | List of names of components. Indicates which states were merged/deleted during backward pruning |
| re.init.in        | Logical vector indicating whether re-initialization was performed or not                        |
| fit.mixgl.selcrit | Results for model with optimal number of components. List see mixglasso_init                    |

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

**Examples**

```
##generate data
set.seed(1)
n <- 1000
n.comp <- 3
p <- 10

# Create different mean vectors
Mu <- matrix(0,p,n.comp)

nonzero.mean <- split(sample(1:p),rep(1:n.comp,length=p))
for(k in 1:n.comp){
  Mu[nonzero.mean[[k]],k] <- -2/sqrt(ceiling(p/n.comp))
}

sim <- sim_mix_networks(n, p, n.comp, Mu=Mu)

##run mixglasso

fit <- bwprun_mixglasso(sim$data,n.comp=1,n.comp.max=5,selection.crit='bic')
plot(fit$selcrit,ylab='bic',xlab='Num.Comps',type='b')
```

---

cv.fold

---

*Make folds*


---

**Description**

Make folds

**Usage**

```
cv.fold(n, folds = 10)
```

**Arguments**

|       |          |
|-------|----------|
| n     | no descr |
| folds | no descr |

**Value**

no descr

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

cv.glasso

*Crossvalidation for GLasso*

---

**Description**

Crossvalidation for GLasso

**Usage**

```
cv.glasso(x, folds = 10, lambda, penalize.diagonal = FALSE,  
plot.it = FALSE, se = TRUE, include.mean = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

|                   |                           |
|-------------------|---------------------------|
| x                 | no descr                  |
| folds             | no descr                  |
| lambda            | lambda-grid (increasing!) |
| penalize.diagonal | no descr                  |
| plot.it           | no descr                  |
| se                | no descr                  |
| include.mean      | no descr                  |

**Details**

8! lambda-grid has to be increasing (see glassopath)

**Value**

no descr

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

diffnet\_multisplit      *Differential Network*


---

## Description

Differential Network

## Usage

```
diffnet_multisplit(x1, x2, b.splits = 50, frac.split = 1/2,
  screen.meth = "screen_bic.glasso", include.mean = FALSE,
  gamma.min = 0.05, compute.eval = "est2.my.ev3",
  algorithm.mleggm = "glasso_rho0", method.compquadform = "imhof",
  acc = 1e-04, epsabs = 1e-10, epsrel = 1e-10, show.warn = FALSE,
  save.mle = FALSE, verbose = TRUE, mc.flag = FALSE,
  mc.set.seed = TRUE, mc.preschedule = TRUE,
  mc.cores = getOption("mc.cores", 2L), ...)
```

## Arguments

|                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| x1                  | Data-matrix sample 1. You might need to center and scale your data-matrix.                                                                                                                                       |
| x2                  | Data-matrix sample 1. You might need to center and scale your data-matrix.                                                                                                                                       |
| b.splits            | Number of splits (default=50).                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| frac.split          | Fraction train-data (screening) / test-data (cleaning) (default=0.5).                                                                                                                                            |
| screen.meth         | Screening procedure. Options: 'screen_bic.glasso' (default), 'screen_cv.glasso', 'screen_shrink' (not recommended).                                                                                              |
| include.mean        | Should sample specific means be included in hypothesis? Use include.mean=FALSE (default and recommended) which assumes $\mu_1=\mu_2=0$ and tests the hypothesis $H_0: \Omega_1=\Omega_2$ .                       |
| gamma.min           | Tuning parameter in p-value aggregation of Meinshausen et al (2009). (Default=0.05).                                                                                                                             |
| compute.eval        | Method to estimate the weights in the weighted-sum-of-chi2s distribution. The default and (currently) the only available option is the method 'est2.my.ev3'.                                                     |
| algorithm.mleggm    | Algorithm to compute MLE of GGM. The algorithm 'glasso_rho' is the default and (currently) the only available option.                                                                                            |
| method.compquadform | Method to compute distribution function of weighted-sum-of-chi2s (default='imhof').                                                                                                                              |
| acc                 | See ?davies (default 1e-04).                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| epsabs              | See ?imhof (default 1e-10).                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| epsrel              | See ?imhof (default 1e-10).                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| show.warn           | Should warnings be showed (default=FALSE)?                                                                                                                                                                       |
| save.mle            | If TRUE, MLEs (inverse covariance matrices for samples 1 and 2) are saved for all b.splits. The median aggregated inverse covariance matrix is provided in the output as 'medwi'. The default is save.mle=FALSE. |
| verbose             | If TRUE, show output progress.                                                                                                                                                                                   |

|                             |                                                                                                                        |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>mc.flag</code>        | If TRUE use parallel execution for each b.splits via function <code>mclapply</code> of package <code>parallel</code> . |
| <code>mc.set.seed</code>    | See <code>mclapply</code> . Default=TRUE                                                                               |
| <code>mc.preschedule</code> | See <code>mclapply</code> . Default=TRUE                                                                               |
| <code>mc.cores</code>       | Number of cores to use in parallel execution. Defaults to <code>mc.cores</code> option if set, or 2 otherwise.         |
| <code>...</code>            | Additional arguments for <code>screen.meth</code> .                                                                    |

## Details

Remark:

\* If `include.mean=FALSE`, then  $x_1$  and  $x_2$  have mean zero and DiffNet tests the hypothesis  $H_0$ :  $\Omega_1 = \Omega_2$ . You might need to center  $x_1$  and  $x_2$ . \* If `include.mean=TRUE`, then DiffNet tests the hypothesis  $H_0$ :  $\mu_1 = \mu_2$  &  $\Omega_1 = \Omega_2$ . \* However, we recommend to set `include.mean=FALSE` and to test equality of the means separately. \* You might also want to scale  $x_1$  and  $x_2$ , if you are only interested in differences due to (partial) correlations.

## Value

list consisting of

|                                 |                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>ms.pval</code>            | p-values for all b.splits                                                  |
| <code>ss.pval</code>            | single-split p-value                                                       |
| <code>medagg.pval</code>        | median aggregated p-value                                                  |
| <code>meinshagg.pval</code>     | meinshausen aggregated p-value (meinshausen et al 2009)                    |
| <code>teststat</code>           | test statistics for b.splits                                               |
| <code>weights.null distr</code> | estimated weights                                                          |
| <code>active.last</code>        | active-sets obtained in last screening-step                                |
| <code>medwi</code>              | median of inverse covariance matrices over b.splits                        |
| <code>sig.last</code>           | constrained mle (covariance matrix) obtained in last cleaning-step         |
| <code>wi.last</code>            | constrained mle (inverse covariance matrix) obtained in last cleaning-step |

## Author(s)

n.stadler

## Examples

```
#####
##This example illustrates the use of Differential Network##
#####

##set seed
set.seed(1)

##sample size and number of nodes
n <- 40
p <- 10
```

```

##specifiy sparse inverse covariance matrices
gen.net <- generate_2networks(p,graph='random',n.nz=rep(p,2),
                             n.nz.common=ceiling(p*0.8))

invcov1 <- gen.net[[1]]
invcov2 <- gen.net[[2]]
plot_2networks(invcov1,invcov2,label.pos=0,label.cex=0.7)

##get corresponding correlation matrices
cor1 <- cov2cor(solve(invcov1))
cor2 <- cov2cor(solve(invcov2))

##generate data under null hypothesis (both datasets have the same underlying
## network)
library('mvtnorm')
x1 <- rmvnorm(n,mean = rep(0,p), sigma = cor1)
x2 <- rmvnorm(n,mean = rep(0,p), sigma = cor1)

##run diffnet (under null hypothesis)
dn.null <- diffnet_multisplit(x1,x2,b.splits=1,verbose=FALSE)
dn.null$ss.pval#single-split p-value

##generate data under alternative hypothesis (datasets have different networks)
x1 <- rmvnorm(n,mean = rep(0,p), sigma = cor1)
x2 <- rmvnorm(n,mean = rep(0,p), sigma = cor2)

##run diffnet (under alternative hypothesis)
dn.altn <- diffnet_multisplit(x1,x2,b.splits=1,verbose=FALSE)
dn.altn$ss.pval#single-split p-value
dn.altn$medagg.pval#median aggregated p-value

##typically we would choose a larger number of splits
# dn.altn <- diffnet_multisplit(x1,x2,b.splits=10,verbose=FALSE)
# dn.altn$ms.pval#multi-split p-values
# dn.altn$medagg.pval#median aggregated p-value
# plot(dn.altn)#histogram of single-split p-values

```

---

|              |                            |
|--------------|----------------------------|
| diffnet_pval | <i>P-value calculation</i> |
|--------------|----------------------------|

---

## Description

P-value calculation

## Usage

```
diffnet_pval(x1, x2, x, sig1, sig2, sig, mu1, mu2, mu, act1, act2, act,
             compute.evals, include.mean, method.compquadform, acc, epsabs, epsrel,
             show.warn)
```

## Arguments

|    |          |
|----|----------|
| x1 | no descr |
| x2 | no descr |

|                     |          |
|---------------------|----------|
| x                   | no descr |
| sig1                | no descr |
| sig2                | no descr |
| sig                 | no descr |
| mu1                 | no descr |
| mu2                 | no descr |
| mu                  | no descr |
| act1                | no descr |
| act2                | no descr |
| act                 | no descr |
| compute.eval        | no descr |
| include.mean        | no descr |
| method.compquadform | no descr |
| acc                 | no descr |
| epsabs              | no descr |
| epsrel              | no descr |
| show.warn           | no descr |

**Value**

no descr

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

diffnet\_singlesplit     *Differential Network for user specified data splits*


---

**Description**

Differential Network for user specified data splits

**Usage**

```
diffnet_singlesplit(x1, x2, split1, split2,
  screen.meth = "screen_bic.glasso", compute.eval = "est2.my.ev3",
  algorithm.mleggm = "glasso_rho0", include.mean = FALSE,
  method.compquadform = "imhof", acc = 1e-04, epsabs = 1e-10,
  epsrel = 1e-10, show.warn = FALSE, save.mle = FALSE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

|                                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>x1</code>                  | Data-matrix sample 1. You might need to center and scale your data-matrix.                                                                                                                              |
| <code>x2</code>                  | Data-matrix sample 2. You might need to center and scale your data-matrix.                                                                                                                              |
| <code>split1</code>              | Samples (condition 1) used in screening step.                                                                                                                                                           |
| <code>split2</code>              | Samples (condition 2) used in screening step.                                                                                                                                                           |
| <code>screen.meth</code>         | Screening procedure. Options: 'screen_bic.glasso' (default), 'screen_cv.glasso', 'screen_shrink' (not recommended).                                                                                     |
| <code>compute.evals</code>       | Method to estimate the weights in the weighted-sum-of-chi2s distribution. The default and (currently) the only available option is the method 'est2.my.ev3'.                                            |
| <code>algorithm.mleggm</code>    | Algorithm to compute MLE of GGM. The algorithm 'glasso_rho' is the default and (currently) the only available option.                                                                                   |
| <code>include.mean</code>        | Should sample specific means be included in hypothesis? Use <code>include.mean=FALSE</code> (default and recommended) which assumes $\mu_1=\mu_2=0$ and tests the hypothesis $H_0: \Omega_1=\Omega_2$ . |
| <code>method.compquadform</code> | Method to compute distribution function of weighted-sum-of-chi2s (default='imhof').                                                                                                                     |
| <code>acc</code>                 | See ?davies (default 1e-04).                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <code>epsabs</code>              | See ?imhof (default 1e-10).                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <code>epsrel</code>              | See ?imhof (default 1e-10).                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <code>show.warn</code>           | Should warnings be showed (default=FALSE)?                                                                                                                                                              |
| <code>save.mle</code>            | Should MLEs be in the output list (default=FALSE)?                                                                                                                                                      |
| <code>...</code>                 | Additional arguments for <code>screen.meth</code> .                                                                                                                                                     |

**Details**

Remark:

\* If `include.mean=FALSE`, then `x1` and `x2` have mean zero and DiffNet tests the hypothesis  $H_0: \Omega_1=\Omega_2$ . You might need to center `x1` and `x2`. \* If `include.mean=TRUE`, then DiffNet tests the hypothesis  $H_0: \mu_1=\mu_2$  &  $\Omega_1=\Omega_2$  \* However, we recommend to set `include.mean=FALSE` and to test equality of the means separately. \* You might also want to scale `x1` and `x2`, if you are only interested in differences due to (partial) correlations.

**Value**

|                                 |                                                                |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|
| list consisting of              |                                                                |
| <code>pval.onesided</code>      | p-value                                                        |
| <code>pval.twosided</code>      | ignore this output                                             |
| <code>teststat</code>           | log-likelihood-ratio test statistic                            |
| <code>weights.null distr</code> | estimated weights                                              |
| <code>active</code>             | active-sets obtained in screening-step                         |
| <code>sig</code>                | constrained mle (covariance) obtained in cleaning-step         |
| <code>wi</code>                 | constrained mle (inverse covariance) obtained in cleaning-step |
| <code>mu</code>                 | mle (mean) obtained in cleaning-step                           |

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

**Examples**

```
##set seed
set.seed(1)

##sample size and number of nodes
n <- 40
p <- 10

##specifiy sparse inverse covariance matrices
gen.net <- generate_2networks(p,graph='random',n.nz=rep(p,2),
                             n.nz.common=ceiling(p*0.8))

invcov1 <- gen.net[[1]]
invcov2 <- gen.net[[2]]
plot_2networks(invcov1,invcov2,label.pos=0,label.cex=0.7)

##get corresponding correlation matrices
cor1 <- cov2cor(solve(invcov1))
cor2 <- cov2cor(solve(invcov2))

##generate data under alternative hypothesis
library('mvtnorm')
x1 <- rmvnorm(n,mean = rep(0,p), sigma = cor1)
x2 <- rmvnorm(n,mean = rep(0,p), sigma = cor2)

##run diffnet
split1 <- sample(1:n,20)#samples for screening (condition 1)
split2 <- sample(1:n,20)#samples for screening (condition 2)
dn <- diffnet_singlesplit(x1,x2,split1,split2)
dn$pval.onesided#p-value
```

---

diffregr\_multisplit     *Differential Regression (multi-split version).*


---

**Description**

Differential Regression (multi-split version).

**Usage**

```
diffregr_multisplit(y1, y2, x1, x2, b.splits = 50, frac.split = 1/2,
  screen.meth = "screen_cvtrunc.lasso", gamma.min = 0.05,
  compute.evals = "est2.my.ev3.diffregr",
  method.compquadform = "imhof", acc = 1e-04, epsabs = 1e-10,
  epsrel = 1e-10, show.warn = FALSE, n.perm = NULL,
  mc.flag = FALSE, mc.set.seed = TRUE, mc.preschedule = TRUE,
  mc.cores = getOption("mc.cores", 2L), ...)
```

**Arguments**

|                     |                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| y1                  | Response vector condition 1.                                                                                                                                          |
| y2                  | Response vector condition 2.                                                                                                                                          |
| x1                  | Predictor matrix condition 1.                                                                                                                                         |
| x2                  | Predictor matrix condition 2.                                                                                                                                         |
| b.splits            | Number of splits (default=50).                                                                                                                                        |
| frac.split          | Fraction train-data (screening) / test-data (cleaning) (default=0.5).                                                                                                 |
| screen.meth         | Screening method (default='screen_cvtrunc.lasso').                                                                                                                    |
| gamma.min           | Tuning parameter in p-value aggregation of Meinshausen et al (2009) (default=0.05).                                                                                   |
| compute.eval        | Method to estimate the weights in the weighted-sum-of-chi2s distribution. The default and (currently) the only available option is the method 'est2.my.ev3.diffregr'. |
| method.compquadform | Algorithm for computing distribution function of weighted-sum-of-chi2 (default='imhof').                                                                              |
| acc                 | See ?davies (default=1e-4).                                                                                                                                           |
| epsabs              | See ?imhof (default=1e-10).                                                                                                                                           |
| epsrel              | See ?imhof (default=1e-10).                                                                                                                                           |
| show.warn           | Show warnings (default=FALSE)?                                                                                                                                        |
| n.perm              | Number of permutation for "split-perm" p-value. Default=NULL, which means that the asymptotic approximation is used.                                                  |
| mc.flag             | If TRUE use parallel execution for each b.splits via function mclapply of package parallel.                                                                           |
| mc.set.seed         | See mclapply. Default=TRUE                                                                                                                                            |
| mc.preschedule      | See mclapply. Default=TRUE                                                                                                                                            |
| mc.cores            | Number of cores to use in parallel execution. Defaults to mc.cores option if set, or 2 otherwise.                                                                     |
| ...                 | Other arguments specific to screen.meth.                                                                                                                              |

**Details**

Intercepts in regression models are assumed to be zero ( $\mu_1=\mu_2=0$ ). You might need to center the input data prior to running Differential Regression.

**Value**

List consisting of

|                    |                                                                          |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ms.pval            | p-values for all b.splits                                                |
| ss.pval            | single-split p-value                                                     |
| medagg.pval        | median aggregated p-value                                                |
| meinshagg.pval     | meinshausen aggregated p-value (meinshausen et al 2009)                  |
| teststat           | test statistics for b.splits                                             |
| weights.nullldistr | estimated weights                                                        |
| active.last        | active-sets obtained in last screening-step                              |
| beta.last          | constrained mle (regression coefficients) obtained in last cleaning-step |

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

**Examples**

```
#####
##This example illustrates the use of Differential Regression##
#####

##set seed
set.seed(1)

## Number of predictors and sample size
p <- 100
n <- 80

## Predictor matrices
x1 <- matrix(rnorm(n*p),n,p)
x2 <- matrix(rnorm(n*p),n,p)

## Active-sets and regression coefficients
act1 <- sample(1:p,5)
act2 <- c(act1[1:3],sample(setdiff(1:p,act1),2))
beta1 <- beta2 <- rep(0,p)
beta1[act1] <- 0.5
beta2[act2] <- 0.5

## Response vectors under null-hypothesis
y1 <- x1%*%as.matrix(beta1)+rnorm(n,sd=1)
y2 <- x2%*%as.matrix(beta1)+rnorm(n,sd=1)

## Diffregr (asymptotic p-values)
fit.null <- diffregr_multisplit(y1,y2,x1,x2,b.splits=5)
fit.null$ms.pval#multi-split p-values
fit.null$medagg.pval#median aggregated p-values

## Response vectors under alternative-hypothesis
y1 <- x1%*%as.matrix(beta1)+rnorm(n,sd=1)
y2 <- x2%*%as.matrix(beta2)+rnorm(n,sd=1)

## Diffregr (asymptotic p-values)
fit.alt <- diffregr_multisplit(y1,y2,x1,x2,b.splits=5)
fit.alt$ms.pval
fit.alt$medagg.pval

## Diffregr (permutation-based p-values; 100 permutations)
fit.alt.perm <- diffregr_multisplit(y1,y2,x1,x2,b.splits=5,n.perm=100)
fit.alt.perm$ms.pval
fit.alt.perm$medagg.pval
```

**Description**

Computation "split-asym"/"split-perm" p-values.

**Usage**

```
diffregr_pval(y1, y2, x1, x2, beta1, beta2, beta, act1, act2, act,
  compute.eval, method.compquadform, acc, epsabs, epsrel, show.warn,
  n.perm)
```

**Arguments**

|                     |                                                           |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| y1                  | Response vector condition 1.                              |
| y2                  | Response vector condition 2.                              |
| x1                  | Predictor matrix condition 1.                             |
| x2                  | Predictor matrix condition 2.                             |
| beta1               | Regression coefficients condition 1.                      |
| beta2               | Regression coefficients condition 2.                      |
| beta                | Pooled regression coefficients.                           |
| act1                | Active-set condition 1.                                   |
| act2                | Active-set condition 2.                                   |
| act                 | Pooled active-set.                                        |
| compute.eval        | Method for computation of weights.                        |
| method.compquadform | Method to compute distribution function of w-sum-of-chi2. |
| acc                 | See ?davies.                                              |
| epsabs              | See ?imhof.                                               |
| epsrel              | See ?imhof.                                               |
| show.warn           | Show warnings?                                            |
| n.perm              | Number of permutations.                                   |

**Value**

P-value, test statistic, estimated weights.

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

diffregr\_singlesplit    *Differential Regression (single-split version).*

---

## Description

Differential Regression (single-split version).

## Usage

```
diffregr_singlesplit(y1, y2, x1, x2, split1, split2,
  screen.meth = "screen_cvtrunc.lasso",
  compute.eval = "est2.my.ev3.diffregr",
  method.compquadform = "imhof", acc = 1e-04, epsabs = 1e-10,
  epsrel = 1e-10, show.warn = FALSE, n.perm = NULL, ...)
```

## Arguments

|                     |                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| y1                  | Response vector condition 1.                                                                                                                                          |
| y2                  | Response vector condition 2.                                                                                                                                          |
| x1                  | Predictor matrix condition 1.                                                                                                                                         |
| x2                  | Predictor matrix condition 2.                                                                                                                                         |
| split1              | Samples condition 1 used in screening-step.                                                                                                                           |
| split2              | Samples condition 2 used in screening-step.                                                                                                                           |
| screen.meth         | Screening method (default='screen_cvtrunc.lasso').                                                                                                                    |
| compute.eval        | Method to estimate the weights in the weighted-sum-of-chi2s distribution. The default and (currently) the only available option is the method 'est2.my.ev3.diffregr'. |
| method.compquadform | Algorithm for computing distribution function of weighted-sum-of-chi2 (default='imhof').                                                                              |
| acc                 | See ?davies (default=1e-4).                                                                                                                                           |
| epsabs              | See ?imhof (default=1e-10).                                                                                                                                           |
| epsrel              | See ?imhof (default=1e-10).                                                                                                                                           |
| show.warn           | Show warnings (default=FALSE)?                                                                                                                                        |
| n.perm              | Number of permutation for "split-perm" p-value (default=NULL).                                                                                                        |
| ...                 | Other arguments specific to screen.meth.                                                                                                                              |

## Details

Intercepts in regression models are assumed to be zero ( $\mu_1=\mu_2=0$ ). You might need to center the input data prior to running Differential Regression.

**Value**

List consisting of

`pval.onesided` "One-sided" p-value.  
`pval.twosided` "Two-sided" p-value. Ignore all `"*.twosided` results.  
`teststat` 2 times Log-likelihood-ratio statistics  
`weights.nulldistr`  
 Estimated weights of weighted-sum-of-chi2s.  
`active` List of active-sets obtained in screening step.  
`beta` Regression coefficients (MLE) obtained in cleaning-step.

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

**Examples**

```
##set seed
set.seed(1)

##number of predictors / sample size
p <- 100
n <- 80

##predictor matrices
x1 <- matrix(rnorm(n*p),n,p)
x2 <- matrix(rnorm(n*p),n,p)

##active-sets and regression coefficients
act1 <- sample(1:p,5)
act2 <- c(act1[1:3],sample(setdiff(1:p,act1),2))
beta1 <- beta2 <- rep(0,p)
beta1[act1] <- 0.5
beta2[act2] <- 0.5

##response vectors
y1 <- x1%*%as.matrix(beta1)+rnorm(n,sd=1)
y2 <- x2%*%as.matrix(beta2)+rnorm(n,sd=1)

##run diffregr
split1 <- sample(1:n,50)#samples for screening (condition 1)
split2 <- sample(1:n,50)#samples for screening (condition 2)
fit <- diffregr_singlesplit(y1,y2,x1,x2,split1,split2)
fit$pval.onesided#p-value
```

---

|          |                                                                                             |
|----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| dot_plot | <i>Create a plot showing the edges with the highest partial correlation in any cluster.</i> |
|----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

## Description

This function takes the output of `het_cv_glasso` or `mixglasso` and creates a plot of the highest scoring edges along the y axis, where, the edge in each cluster is represented by a circle whose area is proportional to the smallest mean of the two nodes that make up the edge, and the position along the y axis shows the partial correlation of the edge.

## Usage

```
dot_plot(net.clustering, p.corr.thresh = 0.25, hard.limit = 50,
         display = TRUE, node.names = rownames(net.clustering$Mu),
         group.names = sort(unique(net.clustering$comp)),
         dot.size.range = c(3, 12))
```

## Arguments

|                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>net.clustering</code> | A network clustering object as returned by <code>het_cv_glasso</code> or <code>mixglasso</code> .                                                                                                                                 |
| <code>p.corr.thresh</code>  | Cutoff for the partial correlations; only edges with absolute partial correlation > <code>p.corr.thresh</code> (in any cluster) will be displayed.                                                                                |
| <code>hard.limit</code>     | Additional hard limit on the number of edges to display. If <code>p.corr.thresh</code> results in more edges than <code>hard.limit</code> , only <code>hard.limit</code> edges with the highest partial correlation are returned. |
| <code>display</code>        | If TRUE, print the plot to the current output device.                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <code>node.names</code>     | Names for the nodes in the network.                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <code>group.names</code>    | Names for the clusters or groups.                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <code>dot.size.range</code> | Graphical parameter for scaling the size of the circles (dots) representing an edge in each cluster.                                                                                                                              |

## Value

Returns a ggplot2 object. If `display=TRUE`, additionally displays the plot.

## Examples

```
n = 500
p = 10
s = 0.9
n.comp = 3

# Create different mean vectors
Mu = matrix(0,p,n.comp)

# Define non-zero means in each group (non-overlapping)
nonzero.mean = split(sample(1:p),rep(1:n.comp,length=p))

# Set non-zero means to fixed value
```

```

for(k in 1:n.comp){
  Mu[nonzero.mean[[k]],k] = -2/sqrt(ceiling(p/n.comp))
}

# Generate data
sim.result = sim_mix_networks(n, p, n.comp, s, Mu=Mu)
mixglasso.result = mixglasso(sim.result$data, n.comp=3)
mixglasso.clustering = mixglasso.result$models[[mixglasso.result$bic.opt]]

dot_plot(mixglasso.clustering, p.corrs.thresh=0.5)

```

---

error.bars

*Error bars for plotCV*


---

### Description

Error bars for plotCV

### Usage

```
error.bars(x, upper, lower, width = 0.02, ...)
```

### Arguments

|       |          |
|-------|----------|
| x     | no descr |
| upper | no descr |
| lower | no descr |
| width | no descr |
| ...   | no descr |

### Value

no descr

### Author(s)

n.stadler

---

est2.my.ev2

*Weights of sum-w-chi2*


---

### Description

Compute weights of sum-w-chi2 (2nd order simplification)

### Usage

```
est2.my.ev2(sig1, sig2, sig, act1, act2, act, include.mean = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

|              |          |
|--------------|----------|
| sig1         | no descr |
| sig2         | no descr |
| sig          | no descr |
| act1         | no descr |
| act2         | no descr |
| act          | no descr |
| include.mean | no descr |

**Details**

\*expansion of W in two directions ("dimf>dimg direction" & "dimf>dimg direction") \*simplified computation of weights is obtained by assuming H0 and that  $X_u \sim X_v$  holds

**Value**

no descr

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

est2.my.ev2.diffregr    *Compute weights of sum-w-chi2 (2nd order simplification)*

---

**Description**

\*expansion of W in two directions ("dimf>dimg direction" & "dimf>dimg direction") \*simplified computation of weights is obtained by assuming H0 and that  $X_u \sim X_v$  holds

**Usage**

```
est2.my.ev2.diffregr(y1, y2, x1, x2, beta1, beta2, beta, act1, act2, act)
```

**Arguments**

|       |          |
|-------|----------|
| y1    | no descr |
| y2    | no descr |
| x1    | no descr |
| x2    | no descr |
| beta1 | no descr |
| beta2 | no descr |
| beta  | no descr |
| act1  | no descr |
| act2  | no descr |
| act   | no descr |

**Value**

no descr

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

est2.my.ev3

*Compute weights of sum-of-weighted-chi2s***Description**

Compute weights of sum-of-weighted-chi2s

**Usage**

```
est2.my.ev3(sig1, sig2, sig, act1, act2, act, include.mean = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

|              |                                                |
|--------------|------------------------------------------------|
| sig1         | MLE (covariance matrix) sample 1               |
| sig2         | MLE (covariance matrix) sample 2               |
| sig          | Pooled MLE (covariance matrix)                 |
| act1         | Active-set sample 1                            |
| act2         | Active-set sample 2                            |
| act          | Pooled active-set                              |
| include.mean | Should the mean be included in the likelihood? |

**Details**

\*"2nd order simplification": 1) Factor out  $(1-v_i)^{(d1+d2)}$  "expansion in  $\dim f > \dim g$  direction (old terminology)" 2) Factor out  $(1-\mu)^{d0}$  \*simplified computation of weights is obtained without further invoking  $H_0$ , or assuming  $X_u \sim X_v$

**Value**Eigenvalues of  $M$ , respectively the weights.**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

est2.my.ev3.diffregr    *Compute weights of sum-of-weighted-chi2s*

---

## Description

Compute weights of sum-of-weighted-chi2s

## Usage

```
est2.my.ev3.diffregr(y1, y2, x1, x2, beta1, beta2, beta, act1, act2, act)
```

## Arguments

|       |                                         |
|-------|-----------------------------------------|
| y1    | Response vector sample 1.               |
| y2    | Response vector sample 2.               |
| x1    | Predictor matrix sample 1.              |
| x2    | Predictor matrix sample 2.              |
| beta1 | MLE (regression coefficients) sample 1. |
| beta2 | MLE (regression coefficients) sample 2. |
| beta  | Pooled MLE (regression coefficients).   |
| act1  | Active-set sample 1                     |
| act2  | Active-set sample 2                     |
| act   | Pooled active-set                       |

## Details

\*'2nd order simplification': 1) Factor out  $(1-v_i)^{(d1+d2)}$  "expansion in  $\dim f > \dim g$  direction (old terminology)" 2) Factor out  $(1-\mu)^{d0}$  \*simplified computation of weights is obtained without further invoking  $H_0$ , or assuming  $X_u \sim X_v$

## Value

Eigenvalues of M, respectively the weights.

## Author(s)

n.stadler

---

`est2.ww.mat.diffregr`    *Estimate weights*

---

**Description**

Estimate weights

**Usage**

```
est2.ww.mat.diffregr(y1, y2, x1, x2, beta1, beta2, beta, act1, act2, act)
```

**Arguments**

|       |          |
|-------|----------|
| y1    | no descr |
| y2    | no descr |
| x1    | no descr |
| x2    | no descr |
| beta1 | no descr |
| beta2 | no descr |
| beta  | no descr |
| act1  | no descr |
| act2  | no descr |
| act   | no descr |

**Details**

estimate W-matrix (using plug-in estimates of Beta-matrix); calculate eigenvalues(W-matrix)

**Value**

no descr

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

|              |                              |
|--------------|------------------------------|
| est2.ww.mat2 | <i>Weights of sum-w-chi2</i> |
|--------------|------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Compute weights of sum-w-chi2 (1st order simplification)

**Usage**

```
est2.ww.mat2(sig1, sig2, sig, act1, act2, act, include.mean = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

|              |          |
|--------------|----------|
| sig1         | no descr |
| sig2         | no descr |
| sig          | no descr |
| act1         | no descr |
| act2         | no descr |
| act          | no descr |
| include.mean | no descr |

**Value**

no descr

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

|                       |                         |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| est2.ww.mat2.diffregr | <i>Estimate weights</i> |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|

---

**Description**

Estimate weights

**Usage**

```
est2.ww.mat2.diffregr(y1, y2, x1, x2, beta1, beta2, beta, act1, act2, act)
```

**Arguments**

|       |          |
|-------|----------|
| y1    | no descr |
| y2    | no descr |
| x1    | no descr |
| x2    | no descr |
| beta1 | no descr |
| beta2 | no descr |
| beta  | no descr |
| act1  | no descr |
| act2  | no descr |
| act   | no descr |

**Value**

no descr

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

|                |                                        |
|----------------|----------------------------------------|
| export_network | <i>Export networks as a CSV table.</i> |
|----------------|----------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

This function takes the output of [het\\_cv\\_glasso](#) or [mixglasso](#) and exports it as a text table in CSV format, where each entry in the table records an edge in one group and its partial correlation.

**Usage**

```
export_network(net.clustering, file = "network_table.csv",
  node.names = rownames(net.clustering$Mu),
  group.names = sort(unique(net.clustering$comp)),
  p.corr.thresh = 0.2, ...)
```

**Arguments**

|                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| net.clustering | A network clustering object as returned by <a href="#">screen_cv.glasso</a> or <a href="#">mixglasso</a> .                                                                                                                               |
| file           | Filename to save the network table under.                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| node.names     | Names for the nodes in the network. If NULL, names from net.clustering will be used.                                                                                                                                                     |
| group.names    | Names for the clusters or groups. If NULL, names from net.clustering will be used (by default these are integers 1:numClusters).                                                                                                         |
| p.corr.thresh  | Threshold applied to the absolute partial correlations. Edges that are below the threshold in all of the groups are not exported. Using a negative value will export all possible edges (including those with zero partial correlation). |
| ...            | Further parameters passed to <a href="#">write.csv</a> .                                                                                                                                                                                 |

**Value**

Function does not return anything.

**Author(s)**

Frank Dondelinger

**Examples**

```
n = 500
p = 10
s = 0.9
n.comp = 3

# Create different mean vectors
Mu = matrix(0,p,n.comp)

# Define non-zero means in each group (non-overlapping)
nonzero.mean = split(sample(1:p),rep(1:n.comp,length=p))

# Set non-zero means to fixed value
for(k in 1:n.comp){
  Mu[nonzero.mean[[k]],k] = -2/sqrt(ceiling(p/n.comp))
}

# Generate data
sim.result = sim_mix_networks(n, p, n.comp, s, Mu=Mu)
mixglasso.result = mixglasso(sim.result$data, n.comp=3)
mixglasso.clustering = mixglasso.result$models[[mixglasso.result$bic.opt]]

## Not run:
# Save network in CSV format suitable for Cytoscape import
export_network(mixglasso.clustering, file='nethet_network.csv',
               p.corr.thresh=0.25, quote=FALSE)

## End(Not run)
```

---

EXPStep.mix

*Performs EStep*


---

**Description**

Performs EStep

**Usage**

```
EXPStep.mix(logphi, mix.prob)
```

**Arguments**

|          |          |
|----------|----------|
| logphi   | no descr |
| mix.prob | no descr |

**Value**

list consisting of

|    |                  |
|----|------------------|
| u  | responsibilities |
| LL | loglikelihood    |

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

|            |                                    |
|------------|------------------------------------|
| func.uinit | <i>Initialization of MixGLasso</i> |
|------------|------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Initialization of responsibilities

**Usage**

```
func.uinit(x, n.comp, init = "kmeans", my.cl = NULL,
  nstart.kmeans = 1, iter.max.kmeans = 10, modelname.hc = "EII")
```

**Arguments**

|                 |                                                                                                      |
|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| x               | Observed data                                                                                        |
| n.comp          | Number of mixture components                                                                         |
| init            | Method used for initialization init='cl.init','r.means','random','kmeans','kmeans.hc','hc'           |
| my.cl           | Initial cluster assignments; need to be provided if init='cl.init' (otherwise this param is ignored) |
| nstart.kmeans   | Number of random starts in kmeans; default=1                                                         |
| iter.max.kmeans | Maximal number of iteration in kmeans; default=10                                                    |
| modelname.hc    | Model class used in hc; default='EII'                                                                |

**Value**

a list consisting of

|   |                  |
|---|------------------|
| u | responsibilities |
|---|------------------|

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

|                    |                                            |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| generate_2networks | <i>Generate sparse invcov with overlap</i> |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------------|

---

## Description

Generate two sparse inverse covariance matrices with overlap

## Usage

```
generate_2networks(p, graph = "random", n.nz = rep(p, 2),
  n.nz.common = p, n.hub = 2, n.hub.diff = 1, magn.nz.diff = 0.8,
  magn.nz.common = 0.9, magn.diag = 0, emin = 0.1, verbose = FALSE)
```

## Arguments

|                |                                                                   |
|----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| p              | number of nodes                                                   |
| graph          | 'random' or 'hub'                                                 |
| n.nz           | number of edges per graph (only for graph='random')               |
| n.nz.common    | number of edges uncommon between graphs (only for graph='random') |
| n.hub          | number of hubs (only for graph='hub')                             |
| n.hub.diff     | number of different hubs                                          |
| magn.nz.diff   | default=0.9                                                       |
| magn.nz.common | default=0.9                                                       |
| magn.diag      | default=0                                                         |
| emin           | default=0.1 (see ?huge.generator)                                 |
| verbose        | If verbose=FALSE then tracing output is disabled.                 |

## Value

Two sparse inverse covariance matrices with overlap

## Examples

```
n <- 70
p <- 30

## Specifiy sparse inverse covariance matrices,
## with number of edges in common equal to ~ 0.8*p
gen.net <- generate_2networks(p,graph='random',n.nz=rep(p,2),
                             n.nz.common=ceiling(p*0.8))

invcov1 <- gen.net[[1]]
invcov2 <- gen.net[[2]]

plot_2networks(invcov1, invcov2, label.pos=0, label.cex=0.7)
```

---

|                  |                         |
|------------------|-------------------------|
| generate_inv_cov | <i>generate_inv_cov</i> |
|------------------|-------------------------|

---

**Description**

Generate an inverse covariance matrix with a given sparsity and dimensionality

**Usage**

```
generate_inv_cov(p = 162, sparsity = 0.7)
```

**Arguments**

|          |                                                             |
|----------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| p        | Dimensionality of the matrix.                               |
| sparsity | Determined the proportion of non-zero off-diagonal entries. |

**Details**

This function generates an inverse covariance matrix, with at most  $(1-\text{sparsity}) \cdot p(p-1)$  non-zero off-diagonal entries, where the non-zero entries are sampled from a beta distribution.

**Value**

A  $p$  by  $p$  positive definite inverse covariance matrix.

**Examples**

```
generate_inv_cov(p=162)
```

---

|           |                                                                                       |
|-----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| getinvcov | <i>Generate an inverse covariance matrix with a given sparsity and dimensionality</i> |
|-----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Generate an inverse covariance matrix with a given sparsity and dimensionality

**Usage**

```
getinvcov(p, s, a.diff = 5, b.diff = 5, magn.diag = 0, emin = 0.1)
```

**Arguments**

|           |                    |
|-----------|--------------------|
| p         | Dimensionality     |
| s         | Sparsity           |
| a.diff    | binomial parameter |
| b.diff    | binomial parameter |
| magn.diag | Magnitude          |
| emin      | e min              |

**Value**

Inverse covariance matrix Internal function

---

|                   |                                                      |
|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------|
| ggmgsa_multisplit | <i>Multi-split GGMGSA (parallelized computation)</i> |
|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Multi-split GGMGSA (parallelized computation)

**Usage**

```
ggmgsa_multisplit(x1, x2, b.splits = 50, gene.sets, gene.names,
  gs.names = NULL, method.p.adjust = "fdr",
  order.adj.agg = "agg-adj", mc.flag = FALSE, mc.set.seed = TRUE,
  mc.preschedule = TRUE, mc.cores = getOption("mc.cores", 2L),
  verbose = TRUE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

|                 |                                                                                                   |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| x1              | Expression matrix for condition 1 (mean zero is required).                                        |
| x2              | Expression matrix for condition 2 (mean zero is required).                                        |
| b.splits        | Number of random data splits (default=50).                                                        |
| gene.sets       | List of gene-sets.                                                                                |
| gene.names      | Gene names. Each column in x1 (and x2) corresponds to a gene.                                     |
| gs.names        | Gene-set names (default=NULL).                                                                    |
| method.p.adjust | Method for p-value adjustment (default='fdr').                                                    |
| order.adj.agg   | Order of aggregation and adjustment of p-values. Options: 'agg-adj' (default), 'adj-agg'.         |
| mc.flag         | If TRUE use parallel execution for each b.splits via function mclapply of package parallel.       |
| mc.set.seed     | See mclapply. Default=TRUE                                                                        |
| mc.preschedule  | See mclapply. Default=TRUE                                                                        |
| mc.cores        | Number of cores to use in parallel execution. Defaults to mc.cores option if set, or 2 otherwise. |
| verbose         | If TRUE, show output progress.                                                                    |
| ...             | Other arguments (see diffnet_singlesplit).                                                        |

**Details**

Computation can be parallelized over many data splits.

**Value**

List consisting of

|                 |                                                                                                                                                |
|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| medagg.pval     | Median aggregated p-values                                                                                                                     |
| meinshagg.pval  | Meinshausen aggregated p-values                                                                                                                |
| pval            | matrix of p-values before correction and adjustment, $\text{dim}(\text{pval}) = (\text{number of gene-sets}) \times (\text{number of splits})$ |
| teststatmed     | median aggregated test-statistic                                                                                                               |
| teststatmed.bic | median aggregated bic-corrected test-statistic                                                                                                 |
| teststatmed.aic | median aggregated aic-corrected test-statistic                                                                                                 |
| teststat        | matrix of test-statistics, $\text{dim}(\text{teststat}) = (\text{number of gene-sets}) \times (\text{number of splits})$                       |
| rel.edgeinter   | normalized intersection of edges in condition 1 and 2                                                                                          |
| df1             | degrees of freedom of GGM obtained from condition 1                                                                                            |
| df2             | degrees of freedom of GGM obtained from condition 2                                                                                            |
| df12            | degrees of freedom of GGM obtained from pooled data (condition 1 and 2)                                                                        |

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

**Examples**

```
#####
##This example illustrates the use of GGMGSA      ##
#####

## Generate networks
set.seed(1)
p <- 9#network with p nodes
n <- 40
hub.net <- generate_2networks(p,graph='hub',n.hub=3,n.hub.diff=1)#generate hub networks
invcov1 <- hub.net[[1]]
invcov2 <- hub.net[[2]]
plot_2networks(invcov1,invcov2,label.pos=0,label.cex=0.7)

## Generate data
library('mvtnorm')
x1 <- rmvnorm(n,mean = rep(0,p), sigma = cov2cor(solve(invcov1)))
x2 <- rmvnorm(n,mean = rep(0,p), sigma = cov2cor(solve(invcov2)))

## Run DiffNet
# fit.dn <- diffnet_multisplit(x1,x2,b.splits=2,verbose=FALSE)
# fit.dn$medagg.pval

## Identify hubs with 'gene-sets'
gene.names <- paste('G',1:p,sep='')
gsets <- split(gene.names,rep(1:3,each=3))

## Run GGM-GSA
```

```

fit.ggmgsa <- ggmgsa_multisplit(x1,x2,b.splits=2,gsets,gene.names,verbose=FALSE)
summary(fit.ggmgsa)
fit.ggmgsa$medagg.pval#median aggregated p-values
p.adjust(apply(fit.ggmgsa$pval,1,median),method='fdr')#or: first median aggregation,
                                                    #second fdr-correction

```

---

|                    |                            |
|--------------------|----------------------------|
| ggmgsa_singlesplit | <i>Single-split GGMGSA</i> |
|--------------------|----------------------------|

---

## Description

Single-split GGMGSA

## Usage

```

ggmgsa_singlesplit(x1, x2, gene.sets, gene.names,
  method.p.adjust = "fdr", verbose = TRUE, ...)

```

## Arguments

|                 |                                                               |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| x1              | centered (scaled) data for condition 1                        |
| x2              | centered (scaled) data for condition 2                        |
| gene.sets       | List of gene-sets.                                            |
| gene.names      | Gene names. Each column in x1 (and x2) corresponds to a gene. |
| method.p.adjust | Method for p-value adjustment (default='fdr').                |
| verbose         | If TRUE, show output progress.                                |
| ...             | Other arguments (see diffnet_singlesplit).                    |

## Value

List of results.

## Author(s)

n.stadler

---

|               |                                                            |
|---------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| glasso.invcor | <i>Graphical Lasso based on inverse covariance penalty</i> |
|---------------|------------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Graphical Lasso based on inverse covariance penalty

**Usage**

```
glasso.invcor(s, rho, penalize.diagonal, term = 10^{ -3 })
```

**Arguments**

|                   |          |
|-------------------|----------|
| s                 | no descr |
| rho               | no descr |
| penalize.diagonal | no descr |
| term              | no descr |

**Value**

w; wi; iter

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

|               |                                                             |
|---------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| glasso.invcov | <i>Graphical Lasso based on inverse correlation penalty</i> |
|---------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Graphical Lasso based on inverse correlation penalty

**Usage**

```
glasso.invcov(s, rho, penalize.diagonal, term = 10^{ -3 })
```

**Arguments**

|                   |          |
|-------------------|----------|
| s                 | no descr |
| rho               | no descr |
| penalize.diagonal | no descr |
| term              | no descr |

**Value**

w; wi; iter

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

 glasso.parcor

*Graphical Lasso based on partial correlation penalty*


---

**Description**

Graphical Lasso based on partial correlation penalty

**Usage**

```
glasso.parcor(s, rho, penalize.diagonal, maxiter = 1000, term = 10^{
-3 }, verbose = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

|                   |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| s                 | no descr                           |
| rho               | no descr                           |
| penalize.diagonal | no descr                           |
| maxiter           | no descr                           |
| term              | no descr                           |
| verbose           | set to TRUE to print out progress. |

**Value**

w; wi; iter

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

 gsea.highdimT2

*GSA based on HighdimT2*


---

**Description**

GSA based on HighdimT2

**Usage**

```
gsea.highdimT2(x1, x2, gene.sets, gene.names, gs.names = NULL,
method = "test.sd", method.p.adjust = "fdr")
```

**Arguments**

|                 |          |
|-----------------|----------|
| x1              | no descr |
| x2              | no descr |
| gene.sets       | no descr |
| gene.names      | no descr |
| gs.names        | no descr |
| method          | no descr |
| method.p.adjust | no descr |

**Value**

no descr

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

gsea.iriz

---

*Irizarry approach for gene-set testing*


---

**Description**

Irizarry approach for gene-set testing

**Usage**

```
gsea.iriz(x1, x2, gene.sets, gene.names, gs.names = NULL,
          method.p.adjust = "fdr", alternative = "two-sided")
```

**Arguments**

|                 |                                                |
|-----------------|------------------------------------------------|
| x1              | Expression matrix (condition 1)                |
| x2              | Expression matrix (condition 2)                |
| gene.sets       | List of gene-sets                              |
| gene.names      | Gene names                                     |
| gs.names        | Gene-set names                                 |
| method.p.adjust | Method for p-value adjustment (default='fdr')  |
| alternative     | Default='two-sided' (uses two-sided p-values). |

**Details**

Implements the approach described in "Gene set enrichment analysis made simple" by Irizarry et al (2011). It tests for shift and/or change in scale of the distribution.

**Value**

List consisting of

|               |                                                          |
|---------------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| pval.shift    | p-values measuring shift                                 |
| pval.scale    | p-values measuring scale                                 |
| pval.combined | combined p-values (minimum of pval.shift and pval.scale) |

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

**Examples**

```
n <- 100
p <- 20
x1 <- matrix(rnorm(n*p),n,p)
x2 <- matrix(rnorm(n*p),n,p)
gene.names <- paste('G',1:p,sep='')
gsets <- split(gene.names,rep(1:4,each=5))
fit <- gsea.iriz(x1,x2,gsets,gene.names)
fit$pvals.combined

x2[,1:3] <- x2[,1:3]+0.5#variables 1-3 of first gene-set are upregulated
fit <- gsea.iriz(x1,x2,gsets,gene.names)
fit$pvals.combined
```

---

|                 |                                       |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|
| gsea.iriz.scale | <i>Irizarry approach (scale only)</i> |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Irizarry approach (scale only)

**Usage**

```
gsea.iriz.scale(x1, x2, gene.sets, gene.names, gs.names = NULL,
  method.p.adjust = "fdr", alternative = "two-sided")
```

**Arguments**

|                 |          |
|-----------------|----------|
| x1              | no descr |
| x2              | no descr |
| gene.sets       | no descr |
| gene.names      | no descr |
| gs.names        | no descr |
| method.p.adjust | no descr |
| alternative     | no descr |

**Value**

no descr

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

|                 |                                       |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|
| gsea.iriz.shift | <i>Irizarry approach (shift only)</i> |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Irizarry approach (shift only)

**Usage**

```
gsea.iriz.shift(x1, x2, gene.sets, gene.names, gs.names = NULL,  
method.p.adjust = "fdr", alternative = "two-sided")
```

**Arguments**

|                 |          |
|-----------------|----------|
| x1              | no descr |
| x2              | no descr |
| gene.sets       | no descr |
| gene.names      | no descr |
| gs.names        | no descr |
| method.p.adjust |          |
|                 | no descr |
| alternative     | no descr |

**Value**

no descr

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

gsea.t2cov

*GSA using T2cov-test*


---

### Description

GSA using T2cov-test

### Usage

```
gsea.t2cov(x1, x2, gene.sets, gene.names, gs.names = NULL,
  method = "t2cov.lr", method.p.adjust = "fdr")
```

### Arguments

|                 |                                                    |
|-----------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| x1              | expression matrix (condition 1)                    |
| x2              | expression matrix (condition 2)                    |
| gene.sets       | list of gene-sets                                  |
| gene.names      | gene names                                         |
| gs.names        | gene-set names                                     |
| method          | method for testing equality of covariance matrices |
| method.p.adjust | method for p-value adjustment (default: 'fdr')     |

### Value

list of results

### Author(s)

n.stadler

---

het\_cv\_glasso

*Cross-validated glasso on heterogeneous dataset with grouping*


---

### Description

Run glasso on a heterogeneous dataset to obtain networks (inverse covariance matrices) of the variables in the dataset for each pre-specified group of samples.

### Usage

```
het_cv_glasso(data, grouping = rep(1, dim(data)[1]), mc.flag = FALSE,
  use.package = "huge", normalise = FALSE, verbose = FALSE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

|                          |                                                                                                                                 |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>data</code>        | The heterogenous network data. Needs to be a <code>num.samples</code> by <code>dim.samples</code> matrix or dataframe.          |
| <code>grouping</code>    | The grouping of samples; a vector of length <code>num.samples</code> , with <code>num.groups</code> unique elements.            |
| <code>mc.flag</code>     | Whether to use parallel processing via package <code>mclapply</code> to distribute the glasso estimation over different groups. |
| <code>use.package</code> | 'glasso' for glasso package, or 'huge' for huge package (default)                                                               |
| <code>normalise</code>   | If TRUE, normalise the columns of the data matrix before running glasso.                                                        |
| <code>verbose</code>     | If TRUE, output progress.                                                                                                       |
| <code>...</code>         | Further parameters to be passed to <code>screen_cv.glasso</code> .                                                              |

**Details**

This function runs the graphical lasso with cross-validation to determine the best parameter `lambda` for each group of samples. Note that this function defaults to using package `huge` (rather than package `glasso`) unless otherwise specified, as it tends to be more numerically stable.

**Value**

Returns a list with named elements 'Sig', 'SigInv', 'Mu', 'Sigma.diag', 'group.names' and 'var.names'. The variables `Sig` and `SigInv` are arrays of size `dim.samples` by `dim.samples` by `num.groups`, where the first two dimensions contain the (inverse) covariance matrix for the network obtained by running glasso on group `k`. Variables `Mu` and `Sigma.diag` contain the mean and variance of the input data, and `group.names` and `var.names` contains the names for the groups and variables in the data (if specified as `colnames` of the input data matrix).

**Examples**

```
n = 100
p = 25

# Generate networks with random means and covariances.
sim.result = sim_mix_networks(n, p, n.comp=3)

test.data = sim.result$data
test.labels = sim.result$comp

# Reconstruct networks for each component
networks = het_cv_glasso(data=test.data, grouping=test.labels)
```

---

hugepath

*Graphical Lasso path with huge package*


---

**Description**

Graphical Lasso path with huge package

**Usage**

```
hugepath(s, rho.list, penalize.diagonal = NULL, trace = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

|                   |          |
|-------------------|----------|
| s                 | no descr |
| rholist           | no descr |
| penalize.diagonal | no descr |
| trace             | no descr |

**Value**

no descr

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

inf.mat

---

*Information Matrix of Gaussian Graphical Model*


---

**Description**

Compute Information Matrix of Gaussian Graphical Model

**Usage**

```
inf.mat(Sig, include.mean = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

|              |                                                   |
|--------------|---------------------------------------------------|
| Sig          | Sig=solve(SigInv) true covariance matrix under H0 |
| include.mean | no descr                                          |

**Details**

computes  $E_0[s(Y;\Omega)s(Y;\Omega)']$  where  $s(Y;\Omega)=(d/d\Omega) \text{LogLik}$

**Value**

no descr

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

|               |                                                          |
|---------------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| invcov2parcor | <i>Convert inverse covariance to partial correlation</i> |
|---------------|----------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Convert inverse covariance to partial correlation

**Usage**

```
invcov2parcor(invcov)
```

**Arguments**

|        |                           |
|--------|---------------------------|
| invcov | Inverse covariance matrix |
|--------|---------------------------|

**Value**

The partial correlation matrix.

**Examples**

```
inv.cov = generate_inv_cov(p=25)
p.corr = invcov2parcor(inv.cov)
```

---

|                     |                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| invcov2parcor_array | <i>Convert inverse covariance to partial correlation for several inverse covariance matrices collected in an array.</i> |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Convert inverse covariance to partial correlation for several inverse covariance matrices collected in an array.

**Usage**

```
invcov2parcor_array(invcov.array)
```

**Arguments**

|              |                                                                                      |
|--------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| invcov.array | Array of inverse covariance matrices, of dimension numNodes by numNodes by numComps. |
|--------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

**Value**

Array of partial correlation matrices of dimension numNodes by numNodes by numComps

**Examples**

```
invcov.array = sapply(1:5, function(x) generate_inv_cov(p=25), simplify='array')
p.corr = invcov2parcor_array(invcov.array)
```

---

|            |                  |
|------------|------------------|
| lambda.max | <i>Lambdamax</i> |
|------------|------------------|

---

**Description**

Lambdamax

**Usage**

lambda.max(x)

**Arguments**

|   |          |
|---|----------|
| x | no descr |
|---|----------|

**Value**

no descr

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

|                |                    |
|----------------|--------------------|
| lambdagrid_lin | <i>Lambda-grid</i> |
|----------------|--------------------|

---

**Description**

Lambda-grid (linear scale)

**Usage**

lambdagrid\_lin(lambda.min, lambda.max, nr.gridpoints)

**Arguments**

|               |          |
|---------------|----------|
| lambda.min    | no descr |
| lambda.max    | no descr |
| nr.gridpoints | no descr |

**Value**

no descr

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

|                 |                    |
|-----------------|--------------------|
| lambdagrid_mult | <i>Lambda-grid</i> |
|-----------------|--------------------|

---

### Description

Lambda-grid (log scale)

### Usage

```
lambdagrid_mult(lambda.min, lambda.max, nr.gridpoints)
```

### Arguments

|               |          |
|---------------|----------|
| lambda.min    | no descr |
| lambda.max    | no descr |
| nr.gridpoints | no descr |

### Value

no descr

### Author(s)

n.stadler

---

|            |                                         |
|------------|-----------------------------------------|
| loglik_mix | <i>Log-likelihood for mixture model</i> |
|------------|-----------------------------------------|

---

### Description

Log-likelihood for mixture model

### Usage

```
loglik_mix(x, mix.prob, Mu, Sig)
```

### Arguments

|          |          |
|----------|----------|
| x        | no descr |
| mix.prob | no descr |
| Mu       | no descr |
| Sig      | no descr |

### Value

log-likelihood

### Author(s)

n.stadler

---

`logratio`*Log-likelihood-ratio statistics used in DiffNet*

---

**Description**

Log-likelihood-ratio statistics used in Differential Network

**Usage**

```
logratio(x1, x2, x, sig1, sig2, sig, mu1, mu2, mu)
```

**Arguments**

|                   |                      |
|-------------------|----------------------|
| <code>x1</code>   | data-matrix sample 1 |
| <code>x2</code>   | data-matrix sample 2 |
| <code>x</code>    | pooled data-matrix   |
| <code>sig1</code> | covariance sample 1  |
| <code>sig2</code> | covariance sample 2  |
| <code>sig</code>  | pooled covariance    |
| <code>mu1</code>  | mean sample 1        |
| <code>mu2</code>  | mean sample 2        |
| <code>mu</code>   | pooled mean          |

**Value**

Returns a list with named elements 'twiceLR', 'sig1', 'sig2', 'sig'. 'twiceLR' is twice the log-likelihood-ratio statistic.

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

**Examples**

```
x1=matrix(rnorm(100),50,2)
x2=matrix(rnorm(100),50,2)
logratio(x1,x2,rbind(x1,x2),diag(1,2),diag(1,2),diag(1,2),c(0,0),c(0,0),c(0,0))$twiceLR
```

---

|                   |                                                                     |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| logratio.diffregr | <i>Log-likelihood ratio statistics for Differential Regression.</i> |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Log-likelihood ratio statistics for Differential Regression.

**Usage**

```
logratio.diffregr(y1, y2, y, xx1, xx2, xx, beta1, beta2, beta)
```

**Arguments**

|       |                                      |
|-------|--------------------------------------|
| y1    | Response vector condition 1.         |
| y2    | Response vector condition 2.         |
| y     | Pooled response vector.              |
| xx1   | Predictor matrix condition 1.        |
| xx2   | Predictor matrix condition 2.        |
| xx    | Pooled predictor matrix              |
| beta1 | Regression coefficients condition 1. |
| beta2 | Regression coefficients condition 2. |
| beta  | Pooled regression coefficients.      |

**Value**

2 times log-likelihood ratio statistics.

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

|           |                  |
|-----------|------------------|
| make_grid | <i>Make grid</i> |
|-----------|------------------|

---

**Description**

Make grid

**Usage**

```
make_grid(lambda.min, lambda.max, nr.gridpoints,  
          method = "lambdagrid_mult")
```

**Arguments**

|               |          |
|---------------|----------|
| lambda.min    | no descr |
| lambda.max    | no descr |
| nr.gridpoints | no descr |
| method        | no descr |

**Value**

no descr

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

|      |                                  |
|------|----------------------------------|
| mcov | <i>Compute covariance matrix</i> |
|------|----------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Compute covariance matrix

**Usage**

```
mcov(x, include.mean, covMethod = "ML")
```

**Arguments**

|              |          |
|--------------|----------|
| x            | no descr |
| include.mean | no descr |
| covMethod    | no descr |

**Value**

no descr

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

|           |                  |
|-----------|------------------|
| mixglasso | <i>mixglasso</i> |
|-----------|------------------|

---

**Description**

mixglasso

**Usage**

```
mixglasso(x, n.comp, lambda = sqrt(2 * nrow(x) * log(ncol(x)))/2,
  pen = "glasso.parcor", init = "kmeans.hc", my.cl = NULL,
  modelname.hc = "VVV", nstart.kmeans = 1, iter.max.kmeans = 10,
  term = 10^{      -3 }, min.compsize = 5, save.allfits = FALSE,
  filename = "mixglasso_fit.rda", mc.flag = FALSE,
  mc.set.seed = FALSE, mc.preschedule = FALSE,
  mc.cores = getOption("mc.cores", 2L), ...)
```

**Arguments**

|                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>x</code>               | Input data matrix                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <code>n.comp</code>          | Number of mixture components. If <code>n.comp</code> is a vector, <code>mixglasso</code> will estimate a model for each number of mixture components, and return a list of models, as well as their BIC and MMDL scores and the index of the best model according to each score.                          |
| <code>lambda</code>          | Regularization parameter. Default= $\sqrt{2 \cdot n \cdot \log(p)}/2$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <code>pen</code>             | Determines form of penalty: <code>glasso.parcor</code> (default) to penalise the partial correlation matrix, <code>glasso.invcov</code> to penalise the inverse covariance matrix (this corresponds to classical graphical lasso), <code>glasso.invcor</code> to penalise the inverse correlation matrix. |
| <code>init</code>            | Initialization. Method used for initialization <code>init='cl.init','r.means','random','kmeans','kmeans.hc','h'</code> . Default='kmeans'                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <code>my.cl</code>           | Initial cluster assignments; need to be provided if <code>init='cl.init'</code> (otherwise this param is ignored). Default=NULL                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <code>modelname.hc</code>    | Model class used in hc. Default="VVV"                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <code>nstart.kmeans</code>   | Number of random starts in kmeans; default=1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <code>iter.max.kmeans</code> | Maximal number of iteration in kmeans; default=10                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <code>term</code>            | Termination criterion of EM algorithm. Default= $10^{-3}$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <code>min.compsize</code>    | Stop EM if any( <code>compsize</code> )< <code>min.compsize</code> ; Default=5                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <code>save.allfits</code>    | If TRUE, save output of mixglasso for all k's.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <code>filename</code>        | If <code>save.allfits</code> is TRUE, output of mixglasso will be saved as <code>paste(filename, _fit.mixgl_k.rda, sep='')</code> .                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <code>mc.flag</code>         | If TRUE use parallel execution for each <code>n.comp</code> via function <code>mclapply</code> of package <code>parallel</code> .                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <code>mc.set.seed</code>     | See <code>mclapply</code> . Default=FALSE                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <code>mc.preschedule</code>  | See <code>mclapply</code> . Default=FALSE                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <code>mc.cores</code>        | Number of cores to use in parallel execution. Defaults to <code>mc.cores</code> option if set, or 2 otherwise.                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <code>...</code>             | Other arguments. See <code>mixglasso_init</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

**Details**

Runs mixture of graphical lasso network clustering with one or several numbers of mixture components.

**Value**

A list with elements:

|                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>models</code> | List with each element <code>i</code> containing an S3 object of class 'nethetclustering' that contains the result of fitting the mixture graphical lasso model with <code>n.comps[i]</code> components. See the documentation of <code>mixglasso_ncomp_fixed</code> for the description of this object. |
| <code>bic</code>    | BIC for all fits.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <code>mmdl</code>   | Minimum description length score for all fits.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

|          |                                         |
|----------|-----------------------------------------|
| comp     | Component assignments for all fits.     |
| bix.opt  | Index of model with optimal BIC score.  |
| mmdl.opt | Index of model with optimal MMDL score. |

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

**Examples**

```
#####
##This an example of how to use MixGLasso##
#####

##generate data
set.seed(1)
n <- 1000
n.comp <- 3
p <- 10

# Create different mean vectors
Mu <- matrix(0,p,n.comp)

nonzero.mean <- split(sample(1:p),rep(1:n.comp,length=p))
for(k in 1:n.comp){
  Mu[nonzero.mean[[k]],k] <- -2/sqrt(ceiling(p/n.comp))
}

sim <- sim_mix_networks(n, p, n.comp, Mu=Mu)

##run mixglasso
set.seed(1)
fit1 <- mixglasso(sim$data,n.comp=1:6)
fit1$bic
set.seed(1)
fit2 <- mixglasso(sim$data,n.comp=6)
fit2$bic
set.seed(1)
fit3 <- mixglasso(sim$data,n.comp=1:6,lambda=0)
set.seed(1)
fit4 <- mixglasso(sim$data,n.comp=1:6,lambda=Inf)
#set.seed(1)
#fit5 <- bwprun_mixglasso(sim$data,n.comp=1,n.comp.max=5,selection.crit='bic')
#plot(fit5$selcrit,ylab='bic',xlab='Num.Comps',type='b')

##compare bic
library('ggplot2')
plotting.frame <-
  data.frame(BIC= c(fit1$bic, fit3$bic, fit4$bic),
             Num.Comps=rep(1:6, 3),
             Lambda=rep(c('Default',
                           'Lambda = 0',
                           'Lambda = Inf'),
                        each=6))
```

```
p <- ggplot(plotting.frame) +
  geom_line(aes(x=Num.Comps, y=BIC, colour=Lambda))

print(p)
```

---

mixglasso\_init

*mixglasso\_init*


---

## Description

mixglasso\_init (initialization and lambda set by user)

## Usage

```
mixglasso_init(x, n.comp, lambda, u.init, mix.prob.init, gamma = 0.5,
  pen = "glasso.parcor", penalize.diagonal = FALSE, term = 10^{
-3 }, miniter = 5, maxiter = 1000, min.compsize = 5,
  show.trace = FALSE)
```

## Arguments

|                   |                                                                                                  |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| x                 | Input data matrix                                                                                |
| n.comp            | Number of mixture components                                                                     |
| lambda            | Regularization parameter                                                                         |
| u.init            | Initial responsibilities                                                                         |
| mix.prob.init     | Initial component probabilities                                                                  |
| gamma             | Determines form of penalty                                                                       |
| pen               | Determines form of penalty: glasso.parcor (default), glasso.invcov, glasso.invcor                |
| penalize.diagonal | Should the diagonal of the inverse covariance matrix be penalized ? Default=FALSE (recommended)  |
| term              | Termination criterion of EM algorithm. Default=10 <sup>-3</sup>                                  |
| miniter           | Minimal number of EM iteration before 'stop EM if any(compsize)<min.compsize' applies. Default=5 |
| maxiter           | Maximal number of EM iteration. Default=1000                                                     |
| min.compsize      | Stop EM if any(compsize)<min.compsize; Default=5                                                 |
| show.trace        | Should information during execution be printed ? Default=FALSE                                   |

## Details

This function runs mixglasso; requires initialization (u.init,mix.prob.init)

**Value**

list consisting of

|                       |                                                |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| <code>mix.prob</code> | Component probabilities                        |
| <code>Mu</code>       | Component specific mean vectors                |
| <code>Sig</code>      | Component specific covariance matrices         |
| <code>SigInv</code>   | Component specific inverse covariance matrices |
| <code>iter</code>     | Number of EM iterations                        |
| <code>loglik</code>   | Log-likelihood                                 |
| <code>bic</code>      | $-\loglik + \log(n) * DF/2$                    |
| <code>mmdl</code>     | $-\loglik + \text{penmmdl}/2$                  |
| <code>u</code>        | Component responsibilities                     |
| <code>comp</code>     | Component assignments                          |
| <code>compsize</code> | Size of components                             |
| <code>pi.comps</code> | Component probabilities                        |
| <code>warn</code>     | Warnings during EM algorithm                   |

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

`mixglasso_ncomp_fixed` *mixglasso\_ncomp\_fixed*

---

**Description**

`mixglasso_ncomp_fixed`

**Usage**

```
mixglasso_ncomp_fixed(x, n.comp, lambda = sqrt(2 * nrow(x) *
  log(ncol(x)))/2, pen = "glasso.parcor", init = "kmeans.hc",
  my.cl = NULL, modelname.hc = "VVV", nstart.kmeans = 1,
  iter.max.kmeans = 10, term = 10^{      -3 }, min.compsize = 5, ...)
```

**Arguments**

|                           |                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>x</code>            | Input data matrix                                                                                                                               |
| <code>n.comp</code>       | Number of mixture components                                                                                                                    |
| <code>lambda</code>       | Regularization parameter. Default= $\sqrt{2 * n * \log(p)}/2$                                                                                   |
| <code>pen</code>          | Determines form of penalty: <code>glasso.parcor</code> (default), <code>glasso.invcov</code> , <code>glasso.invcor</code>                       |
| <code>init</code>         | Initialization. Method used for initialization <code>init='cl.init', 'r.means', 'random', 'kmeans', 'kmeans.hc', 'h'</code><br>Default='kmeans' |
| <code>my.cl</code>        | Initial cluster assignments; need to be provided if <code>init='cl.init'</code> (otherwise this param is ignored). Default=NULL                 |
| <code>modelname.hc</code> | Model class used in hc. Default="VVV"                                                                                                           |

|                 |                                                      |
|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------|
| nstart.kmeans   | Number of random starts in kmeans; default=1         |
| iter.max.kmeans | Maximal number of iteration in kmeans; default=10    |
| term            | Termination criterion of EM algorithm. Default=10^-3 |
| min.compsize    | Stop EM if any(compsize)<min.compsize; Default=5     |
| ...             | Other arguments. See mixglasso_init                  |

### Details

This function runs mixglasso

### Value

see return mixglasso\_init. list consisting of

|          |                              |
|----------|------------------------------|
| mix.prob |                              |
| Mu       |                              |
| Sig      |                              |
| SigInv   |                              |
| iter     |                              |
| loglik   |                              |
| bic      | -loglik+log(n)*DF/2          |
| mmdl     | -loglik+penmmdl/2            |
| u        | responsibilities             |
| comp     | component assignments        |
| compsize | size of components           |
| pi.comps |                              |
| warn     | warnings during optimization |

### Author(s)

n.stadler

---

mle.ggm

*MLE in GGM*


---

### Description

MLE in GGM

### Usage

```
mle.ggm(x, wi, algorithm = "glasso_rho0", rho = NULL, include.mean)
```

**Arguments**

|              |          |
|--------------|----------|
| x            | no descr |
| wi           | no descr |
| algorithm    | no descr |
| rho          | no descr |
| include.mean | no descr |

**Value**

no descr

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

|             |                           |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| MStepGlasso | <i>MStep of MixGLasso</i> |
|-------------|---------------------------|

---

**Description**

MStep of MixGLasso

**Usage**

```
MStepGlasso(x, chromosome = NULL, u, v = NULL, lambda, gamma, pen,
  penalize.diagonal, equal.prob.trans = NULL, term, model = "hmm")
```

**Arguments**

|                   |          |
|-------------------|----------|
| x                 | no descr |
| chromosome        | no descr |
| u                 | no descr |
| v                 | no descr |
| lambda            | no descr |
| gamma             | no descr |
| pen               | no descr |
| penalize.diagonal | no descr |
| equal.prob.trans  | no descr |
| term              | no descr |
| model             | no descr |

**Value**

list consisting of mix.prob, Mu, Sig, SigInv

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

|                 |                                |
|-----------------|--------------------------------|
| my.ev2.diffregr | <i>Computation eigenvalues</i> |
|-----------------|--------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Computation eigenvalues

**Usage**

```
my.ev2.diffregr(Sig, act, act1, act2)
```

**Arguments**

|      |          |
|------|----------|
| Sig  | no descr |
| act  | no descr |
| act1 | no descr |
| act2 | no descr |

**Value**

no descr

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

|             |                           |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| my.p.adjust | <i>P-value adjustment</i> |
|-------------|---------------------------|

---

**Description**

P-value adjustment

**Usage**

```
my.p.adjust(p, method = "fdr")
```

**Arguments**

|        |                                                |
|--------|------------------------------------------------|
| p      | Vector of p-values.                            |
| method | Method for p-value adjustment (default='fdr'). |

**Value**

Vector of adjusted p-values.

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

`my.ttest`*T-test*

---

**Description**

T-test (equal variances)

**Usage**`my.ttest(x1, x2)`**Arguments**`x1`                      no descr`x2`                      no descr**Value**

no descr

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

`my.ttest2`*T-test*

---

**Description**

T-test (unequal variances)

**Usage**`my.ttest2(x1, x2)`**Arguments**`x1`                      no descr`x2`                      no descr**Value**

no descr

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

|                |                                |
|----------------|--------------------------------|
| mytrunc.method | <i>Additional thresholding</i> |
|----------------|--------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Additional thresholding

**Usage**

```
mytrunc.method(n, wi, method = "linear.growth", trunc.k = 5)
```

**Arguments**

|         |          |
|---------|----------|
| n       | no descr |
| wi      | no descr |
| method  | no descr |
| trunc.k | no descr |

**Value**

no descr

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

|                    |                                          |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------|
| perm.diffregr_pval | <i>Computation "split-perm" p-value.</i> |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Computation "split-perm" p-value.

**Usage**

```
perm.diffregr_pval(y1, y2, x1, x2, act1, act2, act, n.perm)
```

**Arguments**

|        |                               |
|--------|-------------------------------|
| y1     | Response vector condition 1.  |
| y2     | Response vector condition 2.  |
| x1     | Predictor matrix condition 1. |
| x2     | Predictor matrix condition 2. |
| act1   | Active-set condition 1.       |
| act2   | Active-set condition 2.       |
| act    | Pooled active-set.            |
| n.perm | Number of permutations.       |

**Value**

Permutation based p-value.

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

perm.diffregr\_teststat

*Auxiliary function for computation of "split-perm" p-value.*

---

**Description**

Auxiliary function for computation of "split-perm" p-value.

**Usage**

```
perm.diffregr_teststat(y1, y2, y12, x1, x2, x12)
```

**Arguments**

|     |                               |
|-----|-------------------------------|
| y1  | Response vector condition 1.  |
| y2  | Response vector condition 2.  |
| y12 | Pooled response vector.       |
| x1  | Predictor matrix condition 1. |
| x2  | Predictor matrix condition 2. |
| x12 | Pooled predictor matrix       |

**Value**

Test statistic (log-likelihood-ratio statistic).

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

|              |                                                        |
|--------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| plot.diffnet | <i>Plotting function for object of class 'diffnet'</i> |
|--------------|--------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Plotting function for object of class 'diffnet'

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'diffnet'  
plot(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

|     |                           |
|-----|---------------------------|
| x   | object of class 'diffnet' |
| ... | Further arguments.        |

**Value**

Histogram over multi-split p-values.

**Author(s)**

nicolas

---

|               |                                                         |
|---------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| plot.diffregr | <i>Plotting function for object of class 'diffregr'</i> |
|---------------|---------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Plotting function for object of class 'diffregr'

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'diffregr'  
plot(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

|     |                            |
|-----|----------------------------|
| x   | object of class 'diffregr' |
| ... | Further arguments.         |

**Value**

Histogram over multi-split p-values.

**Author(s)**

nicolas

---

|             |                                                        |
|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| plot.gmgmsa | <i>Plotting function for object of class 'ggmgmsa'</i> |
|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Plotting function for object of class 'ggmgmsa'

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'ggmgmsa'
plot(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

|     |                           |
|-----|---------------------------|
| x   | object of class 'ggmgmsa' |
| ... | Further arguments.        |

**Value**

Boxplot of single-split p-values.

**Author(s)**

nicolas

---

|                       |                      |
|-----------------------|----------------------|
| plot.nethetclustering | <i>Plot networks</i> |
|-----------------------|----------------------|

---

**Description**

This function takes the output of [screen\\_cv.glasso](#) or [mixglasso](#) and creates a network plot using the network library.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'nethetclustering'
plot(x,
      node.names = rownames(net.clustering$Mu),
      group.names = sort(unique(net.clustering$comp)),
      p.corr.thresh = 0.2, print.pdf = FALSE, pdf.filename = "networks",
      ...)
```

**Arguments**

|                               |                                                                                                                                               |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>x</code>                | A network clustering object as returned by <a href="#">screen_cv.glasso</a> or <a href="#">mixglasso</a> .                                    |
| <code>node.names</code>       | Names for the nodes in the network. If NULL, names from <code>net.clustering</code> will be used.                                             |
| <code>group.names</code>      | Names for the clusters or groups. If NULL, names from <code>net.clustering</code> will be used (by default these are integers 1:numClusters). |
| <code>p.corr.threshold</code> | Threshold applied to the absolute partial correlations. Edges that are below the threshold in all of the groups are not displayed.            |
| <code>print.pdf</code>        | If TRUE, save the output as a PDF file.                                                                                                       |
| <code>pdf.filename</code>     | If <code>print.pdf</code> is TRUE, specifies the file name of the output PDF file.                                                            |
| <code>...</code>              | Further arguments                                                                                                                             |

**Value**

Returns NULL and prints out the networks (or saves them to pdf if `print.pdf` is TRUE). The networks are displayed as a series of `nComps+1` plots, where in the first plot edge widths are shown according to the maximum partial correlation of the edge over all groups. The following plots show the edges for each group. Positive partial correlation edges are shown in black, negative ones in blue. If an edge is below the threshold on the absolute partial correlation, it is displayed in gray or light blue respectively.

---

plotCV

---

*plotCV*


---

**Description**

plotCV

**Usage**

```
plotCV(lambda, cv, cv.error, se = TRUE, type = "b", ...)
```

**Arguments**

|                       |          |
|-----------------------|----------|
| <code>lambda</code>   | no descr |
| <code>cv</code>       | no descr |
| <code>cv.error</code> | no descr |
| <code>se</code>       | no descr |
| <code>type</code>     | no descr |
| <code>...</code>      | no descr |

**Value**

no descr

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

|                |                                 |
|----------------|---------------------------------|
| plot_2networks | <i>Plot two networks (GGMs)</i> |
|----------------|---------------------------------|

---

### Description

Plot two networks (GGMs)

### Usage

```
plot_2networks(invcov1, invcov2, node.label = paste("X", 1:nrow(invcov1),
  sep = ""), main = c("", ""), ...)
```

### Arguments

|            |                                           |
|------------|-------------------------------------------|
| invcov1    | Inverse covariance matrix of GGM1.        |
| invcov2    | Inverse covariance matrix of GGM2.        |
| node.label | Names of nodes.                           |
| main       | Vector (two elements) with network names. |
| ...        | Other arguments (see plot.network).       |

### Value

Figure with two panels (for each network).

### Author(s)

nicolas

### Examples

```
n <- 70
p <- 30

## Specifiy sparse inverse covariance matrices,
## with number of edges in common equal to ~ 0.8*p
gen.net <- generate_2networks(p, graph='random', n.nz=rep(p,2),
  n.nz.common=ceiling(p*0.8))

invcov1 <- gen.net[[1]]
invcov2 <- gen.net[[2]]

plot_2networks(invcov1, invcov2, label.pos=0, label.cex=0.7)
```

---

```
print.nethetsummary
```

*Print function for object of class 'nethetsummary'*


---

**Description**

Print function for object of class 'nethetsummary'

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'nethetsummary'
print(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

|     |                                 |
|-----|---------------------------------|
| x   | object of class 'nethetsummary' |
| ... | Other arguments                 |

**Value**

Function does not return anything.

**Author(s)**

frankd

---

```
q.matrix.diffregr
```

*Computation Q matrix*


---

**Description**

Computation Q matrix

**Usage**

```
q.matrix.diffregr(Sig, a, b, s)
```

**Arguments**

|     |          |
|-----|----------|
| Sig | no descr |
| a   | no descr |
| b   | no descr |
| s   | no descr |

**Value**

no descr

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

|                    |                             |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|
| q.matrix.diffregr3 | <i>Computation Q matrix</i> |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|

---

**Description**

Computation Q matrix

**Usage**

```
q.matrix.diffregr3(beta.a, beta.b, beta, sig.a, sig.b, sig, Sig, act.a,
  act.b, ss)
```

**Arguments**

|        |          |
|--------|----------|
| beta.a | no descr |
| beta.b | no descr |
| beta   | no descr |
| sig.a  | no descr |
| sig.b  | no descr |
| sig    | no descr |
| Sig    | no descr |
| act.a  | no descr |
| act.b  | no descr |
| ss     | no descr |

**Value**

no descr

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

|                    |                             |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|
| q.matrix.diffregr4 | <i>Computation Q matrix</i> |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|

---

**Description**

Computation Q matrix

**Usage**

```
q.matrix.diffregr4(b.mat, act.a, act.b, ss)
```

**Arguments**

|       |          |
|-------|----------|
| b.mat | no descr |
| act.a | no descr |
| act.b | no descr |
| ss    | no descr |

**Value**

no descr

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

|           |                         |
|-----------|-------------------------|
| q.matrix3 | <i>Compute Q-matrix</i> |
|-----------|-------------------------|

---

**Description**

Compute Q-matrix

**Usage**

```
q.matrix3(sig, sig.a, sig.b, act.a, act.b, ss)
```

**Arguments**

|       |          |
|-------|----------|
| sig   | no descr |
| sig.a | no descr |
| sig.b | no descr |
| act.a | no descr |
| act.b | no descr |
| ss    | no descr |

**Value**

no descr

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

|           |                  |
|-----------|------------------|
| q.matrix4 | <i>q.matrix4</i> |
|-----------|------------------|

---

### Description

q.matrix4

### Usage

```
q.matrix4(b.mat, act.a, act.b, ss)
```

### Arguments

|       |          |
|-------|----------|
| b.mat | no descr |
| act.a | no descr |
| act.b | no descr |
| ss    | no descr |

### Value

no descr

### Author(s)

n.stadler

---

|              |                                                                                                                     |
|--------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| scatter_plot | <i>Create a scatterplot showing correlation between specific nodes in the network for each pre-specified group.</i> |
|--------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

### Description

This function takes the output of [het\\_cv\\_lasso](#) or [mixglasso](#) and creates a plot showing the correlation between specified node pairs in the network for all groups. The subplots for each node pair are arranged in a numPairs by numGroups grid. Partial correlations associated with each node pair are also displayed.

### Usage

```
scatter_plot(net.clustering, data, node.pairs, display = TRUE,
             node.names = rownames(net.clustering$Mu),
             group.names = sort(unique(net.clustering$comp)), cex = 1)
```

**Arguments**

|                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>net.clustering</code> | A network clustering object as returned by <a href="#">het_cv_glasso</a> or <a href="#">mixglasso</a> .                                                                                                                             |
| <code>data</code>           | Observed data for the nodes, a <code>numObs</code> by <code>numNodes</code> matrix. Note that nodes need to be in the same ordering as in <code>node.names</code> .                                                                 |
| <code>node.pairs</code>     | A matrix of size <code>numPairs</code> by 2, where each row contains a pair of nodes to display. If <code>node.names</code> is specified, names in <code>node.pairs</code> must correspond to elements of <code>node.names</code> . |
| <code>display</code>        | If TRUE, print the plot to the current output device.                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <code>node.names</code>     | Names for the nodes in the network. If NULL, names from <code>net.clustering</code> will be used.                                                                                                                                   |
| <code>group.names</code>    | Names for the clusters or groups. If NULL, names from <code>net.clustering</code> will be used (by default these are integers 1: <code>numClusters</code> ).                                                                        |
| <code>cex</code>            | Scale factor for text and symbols in plot.                                                                                                                                                                                          |

**Value**

Returns a `ggplot2` object. If `display=TRUE`, additionally displays the plot.

**Examples**

```
n = 500
p = 10
s = 0.9
n.comp = 3

# Create different mean vectors
Mu = matrix(0,p,n.comp)

# Define non-zero means in each group (non-overlapping)
nonzero.mean = split(sample(1:p),rep(1:n.comp,length=p))

# Set non-zero means to fixed value
for(k in 1:n.comp){
  Mu[nonzero.mean[[k]],k] = -2/sqrt(ceiling(p/n.comp))
}

# Generate data
sim.result = sim_mix_networks(n, p, n.comp, s, Mu=Mu)
mixglasso.result = mixglasso(sim.result$data, n.comp=3)
mixglasso.clustering = mixglasso.result$models[[mixglasso.result$bic.opt]]

# Specify edges
node.pairs = rbind(c(1,3), c(6,9),c(7,8))

# Create scatter plots of specified edges
scatter_plot(mixglasso.clustering, data=sim.result$data,
             node.pairs=node.pairs)
```

---

|                   |                                                      |
|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------|
| screen_aic.glasso | <i>AIC-tuned glasso with additional thresholding</i> |
|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------|

---

## Description

AIC-tuned glasso with additional thresholding

## Usage

```
screen_aic.glasso(x, include.mean = TRUE, length.lambda = 20,
  lambdamin.ratio = ifelse(ncol(x) > nrow(x), 0.01, 0.001),
  penalize.diagonal = FALSE, plot.it = FALSE,
  trunc.method = "linear.growth", trunc.k = 5, use.package = "huge",
  verbose = FALSE)
```

## Arguments

|                   |                                                                                       |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| x                 | The input data. Needs to be a num.samples by dim.samples matrix.                      |
| include.mean      | Include mean in likelihood. TRUE / FALSE (default).                                   |
| length.lambda     | Length of lambda path to consider (default=20).                                       |
| lambdamin.ratio   | Ratio lambda.min/lambda.max.                                                          |
| penalize.diagonal | If TRUE apply penalization to diagonal of inverse covariance as well. (default=FALSE) |
| plot.it           | TRUE / FALSE (default)                                                                |
| trunc.method      | None / linear.growth (default) / sqrt.growth                                          |
| trunc.k           | truncation constant, number of samples per predictor (default=5)                      |
| use.package       | 'glasso' or 'huge' (default).                                                         |
| verbose           | If TRUE, output la.min, la.max and la.opt (default=FALSE).                            |

## Value

Returns a list with named elements 'rho.opt', 'wi', 'wi.orig'. Variable rho.opt is the optimal (scaled) penalization parameter ( $\text{rho.opt} = 2 * \text{la.opt} / n$ ). The variables wi and wi.orig are matrices of size dim.samples by dim.samples containing the truncated and untruncated inverse covariance matrix.

## Author(s)

n.stadler

## Examples

```
n=50
p=5
x=matrix(rnorm(n*p),n,p)
wihat=screen_aic.glasso(x,length.lambda=5)$wi
```

---

|                   |                                                      |
|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------|
| screen_bic.glasso | <i>BIC-tuned glasso with additional thresholding</i> |
|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------|

---

## Description

BIC-tuned glasso with additional thresholding

## Usage

```
screen_bic.glasso(x, include.mean = TRUE, length.lambda = 20,
  lambdamin.ratio = ifelse(ncol(x) > nrow(x), 0.01, 0.001),
  penalize.diagonal = FALSE, plot.it = FALSE,
  trunc.method = "linear.growth", trunc.k = 5, use.package = "huge",
  verbose = FALSE)
```

## Arguments

|                   |                                                                                       |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| x                 | The input data. Needs to be a num.samples by dim.samples matrix.                      |
| include.mean      | Include mean in likelihood. TRUE / FALSE (default).                                   |
| length.lambda     | Length of lambda path to consider (default=20).                                       |
| lambdamin.ratio   | Ratio lambda.min/lambda.max.                                                          |
| penalize.diagonal | If TRUE apply penalization to diagonal of inverse covariance as well. (default=FALSE) |
| plot.it           | TRUE / FALSE (default)                                                                |
| trunc.method      | None / linear.growth (default) / sqrt.growth                                          |
| trunc.k           | truncation constant, number of samples per predictor (default=5)                      |
| use.package       | 'glasso' or 'huge' (default).                                                         |
| verbose           | If TRUE, output la.min, la.max and la.opt (default=FALSE).                            |

## Value

Returns a list with named elements 'rho.opt', 'wi', 'wi.orig', Variable rho.opt is the optimal (scaled) penalization parameter ( $\text{rho.opt} = 2 * \text{la.opt} / n$ ). The variables wi and wi.orig are matrices of size dim.samples by dim.samples containing the truncated and untruncated inverse covariance matrix.

## Author(s)

n.stadler

## Examples

```
n=50
p=5
x=matrix(rnorm(n*p),n,p)
wihat=screen_bic.glasso(x,length.lambda=5)$wi
```

screen\_cv.glasso

*Cross-validated glasso with additional thresholding***Description**

Cross-validated glasso with additional thresholding

**Usage**

```
screen_cv.glasso(x, include.mean = FALSE, folds = min(10, dim(x)[1]),
  length.lambda = 20, lambdamin.ratio = ifelse(ncol(x) > nrow(x), 0.01,
  0.001), penalize.diagonal = FALSE, trunc.method = "linear.growth",
  trunc.k = 5, plot.it = FALSE, se = FALSE, use.package = "huge",
  verbose = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

|                   |                                                                                       |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| x                 | The input data. Needs to be a num.samples by dim.samples matrix.                      |
| include.mean      | Include mean in likelihood. TRUE / FALSE (default).                                   |
| folds             | Number of folds in the cross-validation (default=10).                                 |
| length.lambda     | Length of lambda path to consider (default=20).                                       |
| lambdamin.ratio   | Ratio lambda.min/lambda.max.                                                          |
| penalize.diagonal | If TRUE apply penalization to diagonal of inverse covariance as well. (default=FALSE) |
| trunc.method      | None / linear.growth (default) / sqrt.growth                                          |
| trunc.k           | truncation constant, number of samples per predictor (default=5)                      |
| plot.it           | TRUE / FALSE (default)                                                                |
| se                | default=FALSE.                                                                        |
| use.package       | 'glasso' or 'huge' (default).                                                         |
| verbose           | If TRUE, output la.min, la.max and la.opt (default=FALSE).                            |

**Details**

Run glasso on a single dataset, using cross-validation to estimate the penalty parameter lambda. Performs additional thresholding (optionally).

**Value**

Returns a list with named elements 'rho.opt', 'w', 'wi', 'wi.orig', 'mu'. Variable rho.opt is the optimal (scaled) penalization parameter (rho.opt=2\*la.opt/n). Variable w is the estimated covariance matrix. The variables wi and wi.orig are matrices of size dim.samples by dim.samples containing the truncated and untruncated inverse covariance matrix. Variable mu is the mean of the input data.

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

**Examples**

```
n=50
p=5
x=matrix(rnorm(n*p),n,p)
wihat=screen_cv.glasso(x,folds=2)$wi
```

---

|                    |                                                          |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| screen_cv1se.lasso | <i>Cross-validated Lasso screening (lambda.1se-rule)</i> |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Cross-validated Lasso screening (lambda.1se-rule)

**Usage**

```
screen_cv1se.lasso(x, y)
```

**Arguments**

|   |                  |
|---|------------------|
| x | Predictor matrix |
| y | Response vector  |

**Value**

Active-set

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

**Examples**

```
screen_cv1se.lasso(matrix(rnorm(5000),50,100),rnorm(50))
```

---

|                    |                                                                                 |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| screen_cvfix.lasso | <i>Cross-validated Lasso screening and upper bound on number of predictors.</i> |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Cross-validated Lasso screening and upper bound on number of predictors

**Usage**

```
screen_cvfix.lasso(x, y, no.predictors = 10)
```

**Arguments**

|               |                                             |
|---------------|---------------------------------------------|
| x             | Predictor matrix.                           |
| y             | Response vector.                            |
| no.predictors | Upper bound on number of active predictors, |

**Details**

Computes Lasso coefficients (cross-validation optimal lambda). Truncates smallest coefficients to zero such that there are no more than no.predictors non-zero coefficients

**Value**

Active-set.

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

**Examples**

```
screen_cvfix.lasso(matrix(rnorm(5000),50,100),rnorm(50))
```

---

|                    |                                                           |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| screen_cvmin.lasso | <i>Cross-validation lasso screening (lambda.min-rule)</i> |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Cross-validated Lasso screening (lambda.min-rule)

**Usage**

```
screen_cvmin.lasso(x, y)
```

**Arguments**

|   |                  |
|---|------------------|
| x | Predictor matrix |
| y | Response vector  |

**Value**

Active-set

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

**Examples**

```
screen_cvmin.lasso(matrix(rnorm(5000),50,100),rnorm(50))
```

---

screen\_cvsqrt.lasso     *Cross-validated Lasso screening and sqrt-truncation.*

---

**Description**

Cross-validated Lasso screening and sqrt-truncation.

**Usage**

```
screen_cvsqrt.lasso(x, y)
```

**Arguments**

|   |                   |
|---|-------------------|
| x | Predictor matrix. |
| y | Response vector.  |

**Details**

Computes Lasso coefficients (cross-validation optimal lambda). Truncates smallest coefficients to zero, such that there are no more than sqrt(n) non-zero coefficients.

**Value**

Active-set.

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

**Examples**

```
screen_cvsqrt.lasso(matrix(rnorm(5000), 50, 100), rnorm(50))
```

---

screen\_cvtrunc.lasso     *Cross-validated Lasso screening and additional truncation.*

---

**Description**

Cross-validated Lasso screening and additional truncation.

**Usage**

```
screen_cvtrunc.lasso(x, y, k.trunc = 5)
```

**Arguments**

|         |                                                                    |
|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| x       | Predictor matrix.                                                  |
| y       | Response vector.                                                   |
| k.trunc | Truncation constant="number of samples per predictor" (default=5). |

**Details**

Computes Lasso coefficients (cross-validation optimal lambda). Truncates smallest coefficients to zero, such that there are no more than  $n/k.trunc$  non-zero coefficients.

**Value**

Active-set.

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

**Examples**

```
screen_cvtrunc.lasso(matrix(rnorm(5000),50,100),rnorm(50))
```

---

|             |                    |
|-------------|--------------------|
| screen_full | <i>Screen_full</i> |
|-------------|--------------------|

---

**Description**

Screen\_full

**Usage**

```
screen_full(x, include.mean = NULL, length.lambda = NULL,  
            trunc.method = NULL, trunc.k = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

|               |          |
|---------------|----------|
| x             | no descr |
| include.mean  | no descr |
| length.lambda | no descr |
| trunc.method  | no descr |
| trunc.k       | no descr |

**Value**

no descr

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

|               |                                                                   |
|---------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| screen_shrink | <i>Shrinkage approach for estimating Gaussian graphical model</i> |
|---------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Shrinkage approach for estimating Gaussian graphical model

**Usage**

```
screen_shrink(x, include.mean = NULL, trunc.method = "linear.growth",
              trunc.k = 5)
```

**Arguments**

|              |                                                                  |
|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| x            | The input data. Needs to be a num.samples by dim.samples matrix. |
| include.mean | Include mean in likelihood. TRUE / FALSE (default).              |
| trunc.method | None / linear.growth (default) / sqrt.growth                     |
| trunc.k      | truncation constant, number of samples per predictor (default=5) |

**Value**

Returns a list with named elements 'rho.opt', 'wi', 'wi.orig'. Variable rho.opt=NULL (no tuning parameter involved). The variables wi and wi.orig are matrices of size dim.samples by dim.samples containing the truncated and untruncated inverse covariance matrix.

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

|                |                                  |
|----------------|----------------------------------|
| shapiro_screen | <i>Filter "non-normal" genes</i> |
|----------------|----------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Filter "non-normal" genes

**Usage**

```
shapiro_screen(x1, x2, sign.level = 0.001)
```

**Arguments**

|            |                                                              |
|------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| x1         | expression matrix (condition 1)                              |
| x2         | expression matrix (condition 2)                              |
| sign.level | sign.level in Shapiro-Wilk tests (default: sign.level=0.001) |

**Details**

Discarding genes which have Shapiro-Wilk p-value (corrected for multiplicity) smaller than sign.level in either of the two conditions. We used sign.level=0.001 in the GGMGSA paper.

**Value**

list consisting of

|         |                                                 |
|---------|-------------------------------------------------|
| x1.filt | expression matrix (condition 1) after filtering |
| x2.filt | expression matrix (condition 2) after filtering |

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

|         |                                     |
|---------|-------------------------------------|
| sim_mix | <i>Simulate from mixture model.</i> |
|---------|-------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Simulate from mixture model with multi-variate Gaussian or t-distributed components.

**Usage**

```
sim_mix(n, n.comp, mix.prob, Mu, Sig, dist = "norm", df = 2)
```

**Arguments**

|          |                                                                                          |
|----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| n        | sample size                                                                              |
| n.comp   | number of mixture components ("comps")                                                   |
| mix.prob | mixing probabilities (need to sum to 1)                                                  |
| Mu       | matrix of component-specific mean vectors                                                |
| Sig      | array of component-specific covariance matrices                                          |
| dist     | 'norm' for Gaussian components, 't' for t-distributed components                         |
| df       | degrees of freedom of the t-distribution (not used for Gaussian distribution), default=2 |

**Value**

a list consisting of:

|   |                       |
|---|-----------------------|
| S | component assignments |
| X | observed data matrix  |

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

**Examples**

```
n.comp = 4
p = 5 # dimensionality
Mu = matrix(rep(0, p), p, n.comp)
Sigma = array(diag(p), c(p, p, n.comp))
mix.prob = rep(0.25, n.comp)

sim_mix(100, n.comp, mix.prob, Mu, Sigma)
```

---

|                  |                         |
|------------------|-------------------------|
| sim_mix_networks | <i>sim_mix_networks</i> |
|------------------|-------------------------|

---

## Description

Generate inverse covariances, means, mixing probabilities, and simulate data from resulting mixture model.

## Usage

```
sim_mix_networks(n, p, n.comp, sparsity = 0.7, mix.prob = rep(1/n.comp,
  n.comp), Mu = NULL, Sig = NULL, ...)
```

## Arguments

|          |                                                                                                                               |
|----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| n        | Number of data points to simulate.                                                                                            |
| p        | Dimensionality of the data.                                                                                                   |
| n.comp   | Number of components of the mixture model.                                                                                    |
| sparsity | Determines the proportion of non-zero off-diagonal entries.                                                                   |
| mix.prob | Mixture probabilities for the components; defaults to uniform distribution.                                                   |
| Mu       | Means for the mixture components, a p by n.comp matrix. If NULL, sampled from a standard Gaussian.                            |
| Sig      | Covariances for the mixture components, a p by p by n.comp array. If NULL, generated using <a href="#">generate_inv_cov</a> . |
| ...      | Further arguments passed to <a href="#">sim_mix</a> .                                                                         |

## Details

This function generates n.comp mean vectors from a standard Gaussian and n.comp covariance matrices, with at most  $(1-\text{sparsity}) \cdot p(p-1)/2$  non-zero off-diagonal entries, where the non-zero entries are sampled from a beta distribution. Then it uses [sim\\_mix](#) to simulate from a mixture model with these means and covariance matrices.

Means Mu and covariance matrices Sig can also be supplied by the user.

## Value

A list with components: Mu Means of the mixture components. Sig Covariances of the mixture components. data Simulated data, a n by p matrix. S Component assignments, a vector of length n.

## Examples

```
# Generate dataset with 100 samples of dimensionality 30, and 4 components
test.data = sim_mix_networks(n=100, p=30, n.comp=4)
```

---

|             |                                                     |
|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| sparse_conc | <i>Generates sparse inverse covariance matrices</i> |
|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Generates sparse inverse covariance matrices

**Usage**

```
sparse_conc(p, K, s, s.common, magn.nz = 0.5, scale.parcor = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

|              |                                                                                |
|--------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| p            | Dimensionality of inverse covariance matrix                                    |
| K            | Number of inverse covariance matrices                                          |
| s            | Number of non-zero entries per inverse covariance matrix                       |
| s.common     | Number of non-zero entries shared across different inverse covariance matrices |
| magn.nz      | Magnitude of non-zero elements                                                 |
| scale.parcor | Should SigInv be scaled to have diagonal equal one, siginv=parcor ?            |

**Value**

SigInv: list of inverse covariance matrices

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

|                 |                                                       |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| summary.diffnet | <i>Summary function for object of class 'diffnet'</i> |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Summary function for object of class 'diffnet'

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'diffnet'
summary(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

|        |                           |
|--------|---------------------------|
| object | object of class 'diffnet' |
| ...    | Other arguments.          |

**Value**

aggregated p-values

**Author(s)**

nicolas

---

summary.diffreg*Summary function for object of class 'diffreg'*

---

**Description**

Summary function for object of class 'diffreg'

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'diffreg'  
summary(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

|        |                           |
|--------|---------------------------|
| object | object of class 'diffreg' |
| ...    | Other arguments           |

**Value**

aggregated p-values

**Author(s)**

nicolas

---

summary.ggmgsa*Summary function for object of class 'ggmgsa'*

---

**Description**

Summary function for object of class 'ggmgsa'

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'ggmgsa'  
summary(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

|        |                          |
|--------|--------------------------|
| object | object of class 'ggmgsa' |
| ...    | Other arguments          |

**Value**

aggregated p-values

**Author(s)**

nicolas

---

```
summary.nethetclustering
```

*Summary function for object of class 'nethetclustering'*

---

### Description

Summary function for object of class 'nethetclustering'

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'nethetclustering'
summary(object, ...)
```

### Arguments

|        |                                    |
|--------|------------------------------------|
| object | object of class 'nethetclustering' |
| ...    | Other arguments                    |

### Value

Network statistics (a 'nethetsummary' object)

### Author(s)

frankd

---

```
sumoffdiag
```

*Sum of non-diag elements of a matrix*

---

### Description

Sum of non-diag elements of a matrix

### Usage

```
sumoffdiag(m)
```

### Arguments

|   |          |
|---|----------|
| m | no descr |
|---|----------|

### Value

Sum of non-diag elements

### Author(s)

n.stadler

---

|            |                                                     |
|------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| symmkldist | <i>Compute symmetric kull-back leibler distance</i> |
|------------|-----------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Compute symmetric kull-back leibler distance

**Usage**

```
symmkldist(mu1, mu2, sig1, sig2)
```

**Arguments**

|      |          |
|------|----------|
| mu1  | no descr |
| mu2  | no descr |
| sig1 | no descr |
| sig2 | no descr |

**Value**

symmetric kull-back leibler distance

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

|          |                                        |
|----------|----------------------------------------|
| t2cov.lr | <i>Classical likelihood-ratio test</i> |
|----------|----------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Classical likelihood-ratio test (equality of covariance matrices)

**Usage**

```
t2cov.lr(x1, x2, include.mean = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

|              |          |
|--------------|----------|
| x1           | no descr |
| x2           | no descr |
| include.mean | no descr |

**Value**

no descr

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

|              |                                                  |
|--------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| t2diagcov.lr | <i>Diagonal-restricted likelihood-ratio test</i> |
|--------------|--------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Diagonal-restricted likelihood-ratio test

**Usage**

t2diagcov.lr(x1, x2, include.mean = FALSE)

**Arguments**

|              |          |
|--------------|----------|
| x1           | no descr |
| x2           | no descr |
| include.mean | no descr |

**Value**

no descr

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

|         |                                                    |
|---------|----------------------------------------------------|
| test.sd | <i>High-Dim Two-Sample Test (Srivastava, 2006)</i> |
|---------|----------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

High-Dim Two-Sample Test (Srivastava, 2006)

**Usage**

test.sd(x1, x2)

**Arguments**

|    |          |
|----|----------|
| x1 | no descr |
| x2 | no descr |

**Value**

no descr

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

|         |                     |
|---------|---------------------|
| test.t2 | <i>HotellingsT2</i> |
|---------|---------------------|

---

**Description**

HotellingsT2

**Usage**

test.t2(x1, x2)

**Arguments**

|    |          |
|----|----------|
| x1 | no descr |
| x2 | no descr |

**Value**

no descr

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

|    |                                |
|----|--------------------------------|
| tr | <i>Compute trace of matrix</i> |
|----|--------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Compute trace of matrix

**Usage**

tr(m)

**Arguments**

|   |          |
|---|----------|
| m | no descr |
|---|----------|

**Value**

trace of matrix

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

`twosample_single_regr` *old single-split function for diffregr*

---

### Description

Old single-split function for diffregr

### Usage

```
twosample_single_regr(y1, y2, x1, x2, n.screen.pop1 = 100,
  n.screen.pop2 = 100, screen.meth = "screen_cvmin.lasso",
  compute.evals = "est2.my.ev3.diffregr")
```

### Arguments

|                            |          |
|----------------------------|----------|
| <code>y1</code>            | no descr |
| <code>y2</code>            | no descr |
| <code>x1</code>            | no descr |
| <code>x2</code>            | no descr |
| <code>n.screen.pop1</code> | no descr |
| <code>n.screen.pop2</code> | no descr |
| <code>screen.meth</code>   | no descr |
| <code>compute.evals</code> | no descr |

### Value

no descr

### Author(s)

n.stadler

---

`w.kldist` *Distance between comps based on symm. kl-distance*

---

### Description

Distance between comps based on symm. kl-distance

### Usage

```
w.kldist(Mu, Sig)
```

### Arguments

|                  |          |
|------------------|----------|
| <code>Mu</code>  | no descr |
| <code>Sig</code> | no descr |

**Value**

list consisting of

comp.kldist

min.comp.kldist

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

|        |                                      |
|--------|--------------------------------------|
| ww.mat | <i>Weight-matrix and eigenvalues</i> |
|--------|--------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Calculates weight-matrix and eigenvalues

**Usage**

ww.mat(imat, act, act1, act2)

**Arguments**

|      |          |
|------|----------|
| imat | no descr |
| act  | I_uv     |
| act1 | I_u      |
| act2 | I_v      |

**Details**

calculation based on true information matrix

**Value**

no descr

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

 ww.mat.diffregr

*Computation M matrix and eigenvalues*


---

**Description**

Computation M matrix and eigenvalues

**Usage**

```
ww.mat.diffregr(Sig, act, act1, act2)
```

**Arguments**

|      |          |
|------|----------|
| Sig  | no descr |
| act  | no descr |
| act1 | no descr |
| act2 | no descr |

**Value**

no descr

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

 ww.mat2

*Calculates eigenvalues of weight-matrix (using 1st order simplification)*


---

**Description**

Calculates eigenvalues of weight-matrix (using 1st order simplification)

**Usage**

```
ww.mat2(imat, act, act1, act2)
```

**Arguments**

|      |          |
|------|----------|
| imat | no descr |
| act  | I_uv     |
| act1 | I_u      |
| act2 | I_v      |

**Details**

calculation based on true information matrix

**Value**

no descr

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

---

ww.mat2.diffregr*Computation M matrix and eigenvalues*

---

**Description**

Computation M matrix and eigenvalues

**Usage**`ww.mat2.diffregr(Sig, act, act1, act2)`**Arguments**

|      |          |
|------|----------|
| Sig  | no descr |
| act  | no descr |
| act1 | no descr |
| act2 | no descr |

**Value**

no descr

**Author(s)**

n.stadler

# Index

- \* **Removed**
  - screen\_shrink, 79
- \* **examples**
  - screen\_shrink, 79
- \* **export**
  - screen\_shrink, 79
- \* **fixed.**
  - screen\_shrink, 79
- \* **internal**
  - agg.pval, 4
  - agg.score.iris.scale, 5
  - agg.score.iris.shift, 5
  - aic.glasso, 6
  - beta.mat, 7
  - beta.mat.diffregr, 8
  - bic.glasso, 8
  - buildDotPlotDataFrame, 9
  - cv.fold, 11
  - cv.glasso, 12
  - diffnet\_pval, 15
  - error.bars, 25
  - est2.my.ev2, 25
  - est2.my.ev2.diffregr, 26
  - est2.my.ev3, 27
  - est2.my.ev3.diffregr, 28
  - est2.ww.mat.diffregr, 29
  - est2.ww.mat2, 30
  - est2.ww.mat2.diffregr, 30
  - EXPStep.mix, 32
  - func.uinit, 33
  - getinvcov, 35
  - glasso.invcov, 39
  - glasso.invcov, 39
  - glasso.parcov, 40
  - gsea.highdimT2, 40
  - gsea.iris.scale, 42
  - gsea.iris.shift, 43
  - gsea.t2cov, 44
  - hugepath, 45
  - inf.mat, 46
  - lambda.max, 48
  - lambdagrid\_lin, 48
  - lambdagrid\_mult, 49
  - loglik\_mix, 49
  - logratio.diffregr, 51
  - make\_grid, 51
  - mcov, 52
  - mixglasso\_ncomp\_fixed, 56
  - mle.ggm, 57
  - MStepGlasso, 58
  - my.ev2.diffregr, 59
  - my.p.adjust, 59
  - my.ttest, 60
  - my.ttest2, 60
  - mytrunc.method, 61
  - perm.diffregr\_pval, 61
  - perm.diffregr\_teststat, 62
  - plotCV, 65
  - q.matrix.diffregr, 67
  - q.matrix.diffregr3, 68
  - q.matrix.diffregr4, 68
  - q.matrix3, 69
  - q.matrix4, 70
  - screen\_full, 78
  - screen\_shrink, 79
  - shapiro\_screen, 79
  - sparse\_conc, 82
  - sumoffdiag, 84
  - symmklldist, 85
  - t2cov.lr, 85
  - t2diagcov.lr, 86
  - test.sd, 86
  - test.t2, 87
  - tr, 87
  - twosample\_single\_regr, 88
  - w.kldist, 88
  - ww.mat, 89
  - ww.mat.diffregr, 90
  - ww.mat2, 90
  - ww.mat2.diffregr, 91
- \* **is**
  - screen\_shrink, 79
- \* **n=50**
  - screen\_shrink, 79
- \* **p=5**
  - screen\_shrink, 79

- \* **package**
  - screen\_shrink, 79
- \* **parcor**
  - screen\_shrink, 79
- \* **until**
  - screen\_shrink, 79
- \* **wihat=screen\_shrink(x)\$wi**
  - screen\_shrink, 79
- \* **x=matrix(rnorm(n\*p),n,p)**
  - screen\_shrink, 79
- agg.pval, 4
- agg.score.iris.scale, 5
- agg.score.iris.shift, 5
- aggpval, 6
- aic.glasso, 6
- beta.mat, 7
- beta.mat.diffregr, 8
- bic.glasso, 8
- buildDotPlotDataFrame, 9
- bwprun\_mixglasso, 10
- cv.fold, 11
- cv.glasso, 12
- diffnet\_multisplit, 13
- diffnet\_pval, 15
- diffnet\_singlesplit, 16
- diffregr\_multisplit, 18
- diffregr\_pval, 20
- diffregr\_singlesplit, 22
- dot\_plot, 24
- error.bars, 25
- est2.my.ev2, 25
- est2.my.ev2.diffregr, 26
- est2.my.ev3, 27
- est2.my.ev3.diffregr, 28
- est2.ww.mat.diffregr, 29
- est2.ww.mat2, 30
- est2.ww.mat2.diffregr, 30
- export\_network, 31
- EXPStep.mix, 32
- func.uinit, 33
- generate\_2networks, 34
- generate\_inv\_cov, 35, 81
- getinvcov, 35
- ggmgsa\_multisplit, 36
- ggmgsa\_singlesplit, 38
- glasso.invcov, 39
- glasso.invcov, 39
- glasso.parcov, 40
- gsea.highdimT2, 40
- gsea.iris, 41
- gsea.iris.scale, 42
- gsea.iris.shift, 43
- gsea.t2cov, 44
- het\_cv\_glasso, 24, 31, 44, 70, 71
- hugepath, 45
- inf.mat, 46
- invcov2parcor, 47
- invcov2parcor\_array, 47
- lambda.max, 48
- lambdagrid\_lin, 48
- lambdagrid\_mult, 49
- loglik\_mix, 49
- logratio, 50
- logratio.diffregr, 51
- make\_grid, 51
- mcov, 52
- mixglasso, 24, 31, 52, 64, 65, 70, 71
- mixglasso\_init, 55
- mixglasso\_ncomp\_fixed, 56
- mle.ggm, 57
- MStepGlasso, 58
- my.ev2.diffregr, 59
- my.p.adjust, 59
- my.ttest, 60
- my.ttest2, 60
- mytrunc.method, 61
- NetHet-package, 4
- perm.diffregr\_pval, 61
- perm.diffregr\_teststat, 62
- plot.diffnet, 63
- plot.diffregr, 63
- plot.ggmgsa, 64
- plot.nethetclustering, 64
- plot\_2networks, 66
- plotCV, 65
- print.nethetsummary, 67
- q.matrix.diffregr, 67
- q.matrix.diffregr3, 68
- q.matrix.diffregr4, 68
- q.matrix3, 69
- q.matrix4, 70
- scatter\_plot, 70
- screen\_aic.glasso, 72

- screen\_bic.glasso, 73
- screen\_cv.glasso, 31, 64, 65, 74
- screen\_cv1se.lasso, 75
- screen\_cvfix.lasso, 75
- screen\_cvmin.lasso, 76
- screen\_cvsqrt.lasso, 77
- screen\_cvtrunc.lasso, 77
- screen\_full, 78
- screen\_shrink, 79
- shapiro\_screen, 79
- sim\_mix, 80, 81
- sim\_mix\_networks, 81
- sparse\_conc, 82
- summary.diffnet, 82
- summary.diffregr, 83
- summary.ggmgsa, 83
- summary.nethetclustering, 84
- sumoffdiag, 84
- symmkldist, 85
  
- t2cov.lr, 85
- t2diagcov.lr, 86
- test.sd, 86
- test.t2, 87
- tr, 87
- twosample\_single\_regr, 88
  
- w.kldist, 88
- write.csv, 31
- ww.mat, 89
- ww.mat.diffregr, 90
- ww.mat2, 90
- ww.mat2.diffregr, 91