ncdfFlow: Provides netCDF storage based methods and functions for manipulation of flow cytometry data

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Abstract

Background The Bioconductor package flowCore is the object model and a collection of standard tools designed for flow cytometry data analysis. The related R packages including data analysis (flowClust, flowMerge, flowMeans,flowTrans ,flowStats), visualization (ggcyto) and quality control (QUALIFIER) use the flowCore infrastructure to deal with flow cytometry data. However the flowFrame or flowSet which represent a single or a set of FCS files are memory-resident data structures and require the entire data elements to remain in memory in order to perform all kinds of the data manipulations. Hundreds or thousands of datasets generated by high throughput instruments can easily hit the memory limit if they are imported as the flowSet or flowFrames in R. It presents a challenge to scientists and bioinformaticians who use the R tools described above to perform statistical data analysis on a regular computer .We propose a new R object model and related functions to address this problem. The new model ncdfFlowSet inherit most of data structures from flowSet. It stores the large volume of event-level data on disk and only keeps the file handler and meta data in memory. Thus the memory consumption is significantly reduced. NetCDF is used as the data formats because it is self-describing, machine-independent and specifically optimized for storing and accessing array-oriented scientific data. With the compression and chunking features introduced by the new release of netCDF4, the new model is able to maintain high performance of data processing.

Most of the functions and methods including transformation,compensation,gating and subsetting methods for flowSet are extended to ncdfFlowSet (`spillover`,`normalize` and `workflow` methods of flowCore are currently not supported yet.). Thus the change of data structure is almost transparent to the users of flowCore-based R packages.

keywords Flow cytometry, high throughput,netCDF, flowSet,ncdfFlowSet

```
## Loading required package:  flowCore
## Loading required package:  RcppArmadillo
## Loading required package:  BH
```

1 Representing Flow Cytometry Data with ncdfFlowSet

ncdfFlow reppresents a flow cytometry data model that is very similar to the `flowSet` structure.The only difference is that the event-based 2-D data matrices from multiple samples of the same experiment are stored as one single 3D data matrix on disk in ncdf format. Each sample can be accessed efficiently from the 3-D matrix as a data chunk or slice and further manipulated in memory.

The basic unit of manipulation in ncdfFlow is the *ncdfFlowSet*. It inherites all the slots from *flowSet*. However, the `flowFrame` objects stored in the "frames" slot of a `ncdfFlowSet` object do not host the data matrix.Instead,their the "exprs" lots are kepted empty and the actual data are stored in the 3-D data matrix on disk and only the file name is stored in "file" slot of `ncdfFlowSet`. Thus `ncdfFlowSet` reduces the memory requirements and meanwhile ensures the consistent data structure with *flowSet*.

2 Creating a *ncdfFlowSet*

We provide a function to read FCS files into a *ncdfFlowSet* object:

```
path<-system.file("extdata","compdata","data",package="flowCore")
files<-list.files(path,full.names=TRUE)[1:3]
nc1 <- read.ncdfFlowSet(files=files)

## All FCS files have the same following channels:
## FSC-H
## SSC-H
## FL1-H
## FL2-H
## FL3-H
## FL1-A
## FL4-H
## write 060909.001 to empty cdf slot...
## write 060909.002 to empty cdf slot...
## write 060909.003 to empty cdf slot...
## done!

nc1

## An ncdfFlowSet with 3 samples.
## NCDF file : C:\Users\biocbuild\bbs-3.11-bioc\tmpdir\RtmpWMJeV1\ncfs28a0596f558a
## An object of class 'AnnotatedDataFrame'
##   rowNames: 060909.001 060909.002 060909.003
##   varLabels: name
##   varMetadata: labelDescription
##
##   column names:
##     FSC-H, SSC-H, FL1-H, FL2-H, FL3-H, FL1-A, FL4-H
```

As we see,the contructor function is very similar to the *flowSet* execpt that it requires a filename for the ncdf file.

```
fs1  <- read.flowSet(files=files)
```

Note that an ncdf file that stores the actual data is generated and saved on disk once a `ncdfFlowSet` is created. Users need to explicitely call the `unlink` method to remove the file before delete the object from memory by `rm`.

```
unlink(nc1)
rm(nc1)
```

Users can also create an empty ncdfFlowSet first and add data slices later by assigning argument isWriteSlice as FALSE.

```
nc1  <- read.ncdfFlowSet(files=files, isWriteSlice= FALSE)

## All FCS files have the same following channels:
## FSC-H
## SSC-H
## FL1-H
## FL2-H
## FL3-H
## FL1-A
## FL4-H
## done!

nc1[[1]]

## flowFrame object 'anonymous'
## with 0 cells and 7 observables:
##      name       desc range minRange maxRange
## $P1 FSC-H FSC-Height  1024     -111     1023
## $P2 SSC-H SSC-Height  1024     -111     1023
## $P3 FL1-H       <NA>  1024     -111     1023
## $P4 FL2-H       <NA>  1024     -111     1023
## $P5 FL3-H       <NA>  1024     -111     1023
## $P6 FL1-A       <NA>  1024     -111     1023
## $P7 FL4-H       <NA>  1024     -111     1023
## 1 keywords are stored in the 'description' slot
```

As we see here,before writing the actual flowFrame by `[[<-`, the flowFrame object returned by `[[` has 0 events.

```
targetSampleName<-sampleNames(fs1)[1]
nc1[[targetSampleName]] <- fs1[[1]]

## write 060909.001 to empty cdf slot...

nc1[[1]]
```

```
## flowFrame object '060909.001'
## with 10000 cells and 7 observables:
##      name       desc range minRange maxRange
## $P1 FSC-H FSC-Height  1024        0     1023
## $P2 SSC-H SSC-Height  1024        0     1023
## $P3 FL1-H       <NA>  1024        1    10000
## $P4 FL2-H       <NA>  1024        1    10000
## $P5 FL3-H       <NA>  1024        1    10000
## $P6 FL1-A       <NA>  1024        0     1023
## $P7 FL4-H       <NA>  1024        1    10000
## 141 keywords are stored in the 'description' slot

nc1[[2]]

## flowFrame object 'anonymous'
## with 0 cells and 7 observables:
##      name       desc range minRange maxRange
## $P1 FSC-H FSC-Height  1024     -111     1023
## $P2 SSC-H SSC-Height  1024     -111     1023
## $P3 FL1-H       <NA>  1024     -111     1023
## $P4 FL2-H       <NA>  1024     -111     1023
## $P5 FL3-H       <NA>  1024     -111     1023
## $P6 FL1-A       <NA>  1024     -111     1023
## $P7 FL4-H       <NA>  1024     -111     1023
## 1 keywords are stored in the 'description' slot
```

Note that it is important to always use sample name to specify the target position in the data matrix where the actual is added. Because the sample name is the identifier used to index the data matrix.

Sometime it is helpful to copy the structure from an existing ncdfFlow object and then add the data slice to the empty ncdfFlow cloned by `clone.ncdfFlowSet`.

```
nc2 <- clone.ncdfFlowSet(nc1, isEmpty = TRUE)
nc2[[1]]
nc2[[sampleNames(fs1)[1]]] <- fs1[[1]]

## write 060909.001 to empty cdf slot...

nc2[[1]]
```

We also provide the coerce function to convert the flowSet to a ncdfFlowSet.

```
data(GvHD)

## Warning in load(zfile, envir = tmp_env): strings not representable
in native encoding will be translated to UTF-8
```

```
## Warning in load(zfile, envir = tmp_env):  input string 'CELLQuestª'
cannot be translated to UTF-8, is it valid in 'UTF-8' ?
## Warning in load(zfile, envir = tmp_env):  input string 'CELLQuestª'
cannot be translated to UTF-8, is it valid in 'UTF-8' ?
## Warning in load(zfile, envir = tmp_env):  input string 'CELLQuestª'
cannot be translated to UTF-8, is it valid in 'UTF-8' ?
## Warning in load(zfile, envir = tmp_env):  input string 'CELLQuestª'
cannot be translated to UTF-8, is it valid in 'UTF-8' ?
## Warning in load(zfile, envir = tmp_env):  input string 'CELLQuestª'
cannot be translated to UTF-8, is it valid in 'UTF-8' ?
## Warning in load(zfile, envir = tmp_env):  input string 'CELLQuestª'
cannot be translated to UTF-8, is it valid in 'UTF-8' ?
## Warning in load(zfile, envir = tmp_env):  input string 'CELLQuestª'
cannot be translated to UTF-8, is it valid in 'UTF-8' ?
## Warning in load(zfile, envir = tmp_env):  input string 'CELLQuestª'
cannot be translated to UTF-8, is it valid in 'UTF-8' ?
## Warning in load(zfile, envir = tmp_env):  input string 'CELLQuestª'
cannot be translated to UTF-8, is it valid in 'UTF-8' ?
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cannot be translated to UTF-8, is it valid in 'UTF-8' ?
## Warning in load(zfile, envir = tmp_env):  input string 'CELLQuestª'
cannot be translated to UTF-8, is it valid in 'UTF-8' ?
## Warning in load(zfile, envir = tmp_env):  input string 'CELLQuestª'
cannot be translated to UTF-8, is it valid in 'UTF-8' ?
## Warning in load(zfile, envir = tmp_env):  input string 'CELLQuestª'
cannot be translated to UTF-8, is it valid in 'UTF-8' ?
## Warning in load(zfile, envir = tmp_env):  input string 'CELLQuestª'
cannot be translated to UTF-8, is it valid in 'UTF-8' ?
## Warning in load(zfile, envir = tmp_env):  input string 'CELLQuestª'
cannot be translated to UTF-8, is it valid in 'UTF-8' ?
## Warning in load(zfile, envir = tmp_env):  input string 'CELLQuestª'
cannot be translated to UTF-8, is it valid in 'UTF-8' ?
## Warning in load(zfile, envir = tmp_env):  input string 'CELLQuestª'
cannot be translated to UTF-8, is it valid in 'UTF-8' ?
## Warning in load(zfile, envir = tmp_env):  input string 'CELLQuestª'
cannot be translated to UTF-8, is it valid in 'UTF-8' ?
## Warning in load(zfile, envir = tmp_env):  input string 'CELLQuestª'
cannot be translated to UTF-8, is it valid in 'UTF-8' ?
## Warning in load(zfile, envir = tmp_env):  input string 'CELLQuestª'
cannot be translated to UTF-8, is it valid in 'UTF-8' ?
## Warning in load(zfile, envir = tmp_env):  input string 'CELLQuestª'
cannot be translated to UTF-8, is it valid in 'UTF-8' ?
## Warning in load(zfile, envir = tmp_env):  input string 'CELLQuestª'
cannot be translated to UTF-8, is it valid in 'UTF-8' ?
```

```
## Warning in load(zfile, envir = tmp_env):  input string 'CELLQuestª'
cannot be translated to UTF-8, is it valid in 'UTF-8' ?
## Warning in load(zfile, envir = tmp_env):  input string 'CELLQuestª'
cannot be translated to UTF-8, is it valid in 'UTF-8' ?
## Warning in load(zfile, envir = tmp_env):  input string 'CELLQuestª'
cannot be translated to UTF-8, is it valid in 'UTF-8' ?
## Warning in load(zfile, envir = tmp_env):  input string 'CELLQuestª'
cannot be translated to UTF-8, is it valid in 'UTF-8' ?
## Warning in load(zfile, envir = tmp_env):  input string 'CELLQuestª'
cannot be translated to UTF-8, is it valid in 'UTF-8' ?
## Warning in load(zfile, envir = tmp_env):  input string 'CELLQuestª'
cannot be translated to UTF-8, is it valid in 'UTF-8' ?
## Warning in load(zfile, envir = tmp_env):  input string 'CELLQuestª'
cannot be translated to UTF-8, is it valid in 'UTF-8' ?
## Warning in load(zfile, envir = tmp_env):  input string 'CELLQuestª'
cannot be translated to UTF-8, is it valid in 'UTF-8' ?
## Warning in load(zfile, envir = tmp_env):  input string 'CELLQuestª'
cannot be translated to UTF-8, is it valid in 'UTF-8' ?
## Warning in load(zfile, envir = tmp_env):  input string 'CELLQuestª'
cannot be translated to UTF-8, is it valid in 'UTF-8' ?
## Warning in load(zfile, envir = tmp_env):  input string 'CELLQuestª'
cannot be translated to UTF-8, is it valid in 'UTF-8' ?
## Warning in load(zfile, envir = tmp_env):  input string 'CELLQuestª'
cannot be translated to UTF-8, is it valid in 'UTF-8' ?
## Warning in load(zfile, envir = tmp_env):  input string 'CELLQuestª'
cannot be translated to UTF-8, is it valid in 'UTF-8' ?

GvHD <- GvHD[pData(GvHD)$Patient %in% 6:7][1:4]
nc1<-ncdfFlowSet(GvHD)

## write s6a01 to empty cdf slot...
## write s6a02 to empty cdf slot...
## write s6a03 to empty cdf slot...
## write s6a04 to empty cdf slot...
```

Or coerce a ncdfFlowSet to flowSet

```
fs1<-as.flowSet(nc1,top=2)
```

Note that *ncdfFlowSet* is designed to store large datasets and it is not recommened to corece the entire ncdfFlowset to flowSet. Usually users want to select a subset from ncdfFlowSet by `[` and convert the subetted data. Sometimes it is helpful to randomly select a cerntain number of flowFrames from the entire datasets represented by by *ncdfFlowSet* to have a preview of the data.The arugment "top" can be used here for this purpose.

3 Working with metadata

Like *flowSet*,*ncdfFlowSet* has an associated *AnnotatedDataFrame* that provides metadata of experiments. This data frame is accessed and modified via the same methods of flowCore. :

```
phenoData(nc1)
pData(nc1)
varLabels(nc1)
varMetadata(nc1)
sampleNames(nc1)
keyword(nc1,"FILENAME")
identifier(nc1)
colnames(nc1)
colnames(nc1,prefix="s6a01")
length(nc1)
getIndices(nc1,"s6a01")
```

4 Manipulating a *ncdfFlowSet*

You can extract a *flowFrame* from a *ncdfFlowSet* object in the same way as *flowSet* by using the `[[` or `$` extraction operators. Note that using the `[` extraction operator returns a new *ncdfFlowSet* that points to the same ncdf file. SO the original ncdf file serves as a data repository and the `ncdfFlowSet` works as view of the data in this sense.

```
nm<-sampleNames(nc1)[1]
expr1<-paste("nc1$'",nm,"'",sep="")
eval(parse(text=expr1))

## flowFrame object 's6a01'
## with 2205 cells and 8 observables:
##      name                desc range minRange maxRange
## $P1 FSC-H         FSC-Height  1024        0     1023
## $P2 SSC-H         SSC-Height  1024        0     1023
## $P3 FL1-H          CD15 FITC  1024        1    10000
## $P4 FL2-H             CD45 PE  1024        1    10000
## $P5 FL3-H         CD14 PerCP  1024        1    10000
## $P6 FL2-A               <NA>  1024        0     1023
## $P7 FL4-H           CD33 APC  1024        1    10000
## $P8  Time Time (102.40 sec.)  1024        0     1023
## 166 keywords are stored in the 'description' slot

nc1[[nm]]

## flowFrame object 's6a01'
```

```
## with 2205 cells and 8 observables:
##      name               desc range minRange maxRange
## $P1 FSC-H         FSC-Height  1024        0     1023
## $P2 SSC-H         SSC-Height  1024        0     1023
## $P3 FL1-H          CD15 FITC  1024        1    10000
## $P4 FL2-H            CD45 PE  1024        1    10000
## $P5 FL3-H         CD14 PerCP  1024        1    10000
## $P6 FL2-A               <NA>  1024        0     1023
## $P7 FL4-H           CD33 APC  1024        1    10000
## $P8  Time Time (102.40 sec.)  1024        0     1023
## 166 keywords are stored in the 'description' slot

nm<-sampleNames(nc1)[c(1,3)]
nc2<-nc1[nm]
summary(nc2)

## $s6a01
##             FSC-H     SSC-H       FL1-H      FL2-H      FL3-H     FL2-A
## Min.      60.0000    0.0000    1.000000    1.00000   1.000000   0.00000
## 1st Qu.  159.0000   48.0000    1.046045   35.34981   1.000000   6.00000
## Median   196.0000   65.0000    2.644158  160.42741   1.382810  36.00000
## Mean     220.7642  108.8853   57.543711  210.07988   7.366665  48.69569
## 3rd Qu.  264.0000   97.0000    7.054802  320.88828   2.460406  75.00000
## Max.    1023.0000 1023.0000 3781.922363 1637.10388 326.718719 516.00000
##              FL4-H     Time
## Min.      1.000000 11.00000
## 1st Qu.   1.000000 40.00000
## Median    5.288867 57.00000
## Mean     16.243151 51.90476
## 3rd Qu.  20.782274 66.00000
## Max.    503.335175 80.00000
##
## $s6a03
##             FSC-H    SSC-H        FL1-H     FL2-H       FL3-H     FL2-A
## Min.      59.0000    0.000     1.000000    1.0000    1.000000    0.0000
## 1st Qu.  147.0000   49.000     1.000000  341.7625    1.000000   79.0000
## Median   192.0000   71.000     1.144593  526.5112    1.069867  124.0000
## Mean     188.4942  116.008    62.174581  543.7355    5.400462  127.8592
## 3rd Qu.  226.0000  119.000    10.204639  702.3116    2.208442  164.0000
## Max.    1023.0000 1023.000 10000.000000 8503.9121 7564.633301 1023.0000
##              FL4-H     Time
## Min.      1.000000   0.0000
## 1st Qu.   1.165390 105.0000
## Median    2.228415 215.5000
## Mean      8.351631 233.9134
```

```
## 3rd Qu.   4.833503 353.0000
## Max.    665.379456 567.0000
```

flowSet-specific iterator `fsApply` can also be applied to RobjectncdfFlowSet:

```
fsApply(nc1,range)
fsApply(nc1, each_col, median)
```

However, we recmmend to use another iterator `ncfsApply` designed for the function that returns a flowFrame (such as compensate,transform...). `ncfsApply` works the same as `fsApply` execpt that it returns a ncdfFlowSet object with the acutal data stored in cdf to avoid the huge memory consumption. Note that the return value of the function applied in `ncfsApply` must be a flowFrame object and it should have the same dimensions(channles and events) as the original data.

5 Compensation,Transformation and Gating

`transform` amd `compensate` for `ncdfFlowSet` work the same as `flowSet`.

```
cfile <- system.file("extdata","compdata","compmatrix", package="flowCore")
comp.mat <- read.table(cfile, header=TRUE, skip=2, check.names = FALSE)
comp <- compensation(comp.mat)

#compensation
summary(nc1)[[1]]
nc2<-compensate(nc1, comp)

## write s6a01 to empty cdf slot...
## write s6a02 to empty cdf slot...
## write s6a03 to empty cdf slot...
## write s6a04 to empty cdf slot...

summary(nc2)[[1]]
unlink(nc2)
rm(nc2)

#transformation
asinhTrans <- arcsinhTransform(transformationId="ln-transformation", a=1, b=1, c=1
nc2 <- transform(nc1,`FL1-H`=asinhTrans(`FL1-H`))

## write s6a01 to empty cdf slot...
## write s6a02 to empty cdf slot...
## write s6a03 to empty cdf slot...
## write s6a04 to empty cdf slot...

summary(nc1)[[1]]
summary(nc2)[[1]]
unlink(nc2)
rm(nc2)
```

Note that compensation/transformation return the `ncdfFlowSet` objects that point to the new cdf file containing the compensated/transformed data.

`filter` for `flowSet` also works for `ncdfFlowSet`:

```
rectGate <- rectangleGate(filterId="nonDebris","FSC-H"=c(200,Inf))
fr <- filter(nc1,rectGate)
summary(fr)

rg2 <- rectangleGate(filterId="nonDebris","FSC-H"=c(300,Inf))
rg3 <- rectangleGate(filterId="nonDebris","FSC-H"=c(400,Inf))
flist <- list(rectGate, rg2, rg3)
names(flist) <- sampleNames(nc1[1:3])
fr3 <- filter(nc1[1:3], flist)
summary(fr3[[3]])
```

6 Subsetting

The `Subset` and `split` methods for *ncdfFlowSet*:

```
nc2 <- Subset(nc1,rectGate)
summary(nc2[[1]])

##             FSC-H     SSC-H       FL1-H      FL2-H      FL3-H     FL2-A
## Min.     200.0000    0.0000    1.000000    1.00000   1.000000   0.00000
## 1st Qu.  230.0000   69.0000    1.333897   22.33436   1.000000   3.00000
## Median   266.0000   87.0000    3.371780   77.36830   1.499523  16.00000
## Mean     296.9887  141.0131   91.895427  165.68587  10.830258  38.24038
## 3rd Qu.  316.0000  122.0000   18.992949  223.84692   2.550628  53.00000
## Max.    1023.0000 1023.0000 1942.529175 1637.10388 326.718719 516.00000
##              FL4-H     Time
## Min.      1.000000 11.00000
## 1st Qu.   2.692201 40.00000
## Median   12.896131 57.00000
## Mean     22.021327 51.81972
## 3rd Qu.  29.791735 66.00000
## Max.    464.158875 80.00000
```

```
library(flowStats)
morphGate <- norm2Filter("FSC-H", "SSC-H", filterId = "MorphologyGate",scale = 2)
smaller <- Subset(nc1[c(1,3)], morphGate,c("FSC-H", "SSC-H"))
smaller[[1]]

## flowFrame object 's6a01'
```

```
## with 1647 cells and 2 observables:
##      name       desc range minRange maxRange
## $P1 FSC-H FSC-Height  1024        0     1023
## $P2 SSC-H SSC-Height  1024        0     1023
## 166 keywords are stored in the 'description' slot

nc1[[1]]

## flowFrame object 's6a01'
## with 2205 cells and 8 observables:
##      name               desc range minRange maxRange
## $P1 FSC-H         FSC-Height  1024        0     1023
## $P2 SSC-H         SSC-Height  1024        0     1023
## $P3 FL1-H          CD15 FITC  1024        1    10000
## $P4 FL2-H             CD45 PE  1024        1    10000
## $P5 FL3-H         CD14 PerCP  1024        1    10000
## $P6 FL2-A               <NA>  1024        0     1023
## $P7 FL4-H           CD33 APC  1024        1    10000
## $P8  Time Time (102.40 sec.)  1024        0     1023
## 166 keywords are stored in the 'description' slot

rm(smaller)
```

Note that `Subset` does not create the new ncdf file (the same as extraction operator `[`). So we need to be careful about using `unlink` to delete the subsetted data since it points to the same ncdf file that is also used by the original `ncdfFlowSet` object.

`split` returns a `ncdfFlowList` object which is a container of multiple `ncdfFlowSet` objects.

```
##splitting by a gate
qGate <- quadGate(filterId="qg", "FSC-H"=200, "SSC-H"=400)
fr<-filter(nc1,qGate)
ncList<-split(nc1,fr)
ncList

## $`FSC-Height+SSC-Height+`
## An ncdfFlowSet with 4 samples.
## NCDF file : C:\Users\biocbuild\bbs-3.11-bioc\tmpdir\RtmpWMJeV1\ncfs28a0188d574
## An object of class 'AnnotatedDataFrame'
##   rowNames: s6a01 s6a02 s6a03 s6a04
##   varLabels: Patient Visit ... population (6 total)
##   varMetadata: labelDescription
##
##   column names:
##     FSC-H, SSC-H, FL1-H, FL2-H, FL3-H, FL2-A, FL4-H, Time
```

```
##
##
## $`FSC-Height-SSC-Height+`
## An ncdfFlowSet with 4 samples.
## NCDF file : C:\Users\biocbuild\bbs-3.11-bioc\tmpdir\RtmpWMJeV1\ncfs28a0188d574
## An object of class 'AnnotatedDataFrame'
##   rowNames: s6a01 s6a02 s6a03 s6a04
##   varLabels: Patient Visit ... population (6 total)
##   varMetadata: labelDescription
##
##   column names:
##     FSC-H, SSC-H, FL1-H, FL2-H, FL3-H, FL2-A, FL4-H, Time
##
##
## $`FSC-Height+SSC-Height-`
## An ncdfFlowSet with 4 samples.
## NCDF file : C:\Users\biocbuild\bbs-3.11-bioc\tmpdir\RtmpWMJeV1\ncfs28a0188d574
## An object of class 'AnnotatedDataFrame'
##   rowNames: s6a01 s6a02 s6a03 s6a04
##   varLabels: Patient Visit ... population (6 total)
##   varMetadata: labelDescription
##
##   column names:
##     FSC-H, SSC-H, FL1-H, FL2-H, FL3-H, FL2-A, FL4-H, Time
##
##
## $`FSC-Height-SSC-Height-`
## An ncdfFlowSet with 4 samples.
## NCDF file : C:\Users\biocbuild\bbs-3.11-bioc\tmpdir\RtmpWMJeV1\ncfs28a0188d574
## An object of class 'AnnotatedDataFrame'
##   rowNames: s6a01 s6a02 s6a03 s6a04
##   varLabels: Patient Visit ... population (6 total)
##   varMetadata: labelDescription
##
##   column names:
##     FSC-H, SSC-H, FL1-H, FL2-H, FL3-H, FL2-A, FL4-H, Time

nc1[[1]]

## flowFrame object 's6a01'
## with 2205 cells and 8 observables:
##      name               desc range minRange maxRange
## $P1 FSC-H         FSC-Height  1024        0     1023
## $P2 SSC-H         SSC-Height  1024        0     1023
## $P3 FL1-H          CD15 FITC  1024        1    10000
```

```
## $P4 FL2-H            CD45 PE  1024        1    10000
## $P5 FL3-H          CD14 PerCP  1024        1    10000
## $P6 FL2-A                <NA>  1024        0     1023
## $P7 FL4-H           CD33 APC  1024        1    10000
## $P8  Time Time (102.40 sec.)  1024        0     1023
## 166 keywords are stored in the 'description' slot

ncList[[2]][[1]]

## flowFrame object 's6a01'
## with 36 cells and 8 observables:
##      name               desc range minRange maxRange
## $P1 FSC-H         FSC-Height  1024        0     1023
## $P2 SSC-H         SSC-Height  1024        0     1023
## $P3 FL1-H          CD15 FITC  1024        1    10000
## $P4 FL2-H            CD45 PE  1024        1    10000
## $P5 FL3-H          CD14 PerCP  1024        1    10000
## $P6 FL2-A                <NA>  1024        0     1023
## $P7 FL4-H           CD33 APC  1024        1    10000
## $P8  Time Time (102.40 sec.)  1024        0     1023
## 166 keywords are stored in the 'description' slot

ncList[[1]][[1]]

## flowFrame object 's6a01'
## with 74 cells and 8 observables:
##      name               desc range minRange maxRange
## $P1 FSC-H         FSC-Height  1024        0     1023
## $P2 SSC-H         SSC-Height  1024        0     1023
## $P3 FL1-H          CD15 FITC  1024        1    10000
## $P4 FL2-H            CD45 PE  1024        1    10000
## $P5 FL3-H          CD14 PerCP  1024        1    10000
## $P6 FL2-A                <NA>  1024        0     1023
## $P7 FL4-H           CD33 APC  1024        1    10000
## $P8  Time Time (102.40 sec.)  1024        0     1023
## 166 keywords are stored in the 'description' slot
```

Note that the `ncdfFlowSet` objects contained in `ncdfFlowList` by default share the same ncdf file as the original `ncdfFlowSet`. In order to keep its own data copy, try to set argument `isNew` to "TRUE" in `split` method.