# mgug4104a.db

April 2, 2013

mgug4104aACCNUM

Map Manufacturer identifiers to Accession Numbers

# **Description**

mgug4104aACCNUM is an R object that contains mappings between a manufacturer's identifiers and manufacturers accessions.

# **Details**

For chip packages such as this, the ACCNUM mapping comes directly from the manufacturer. This is different from other mappings which are mapped onto the probes via an Entrez Gene identifier.

Each manufacturer identifier maps to a vector containing a GenBank accession number.

Mappings were based on data provided by: Entrez Gene ftp://ftp.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gene/DATA With a date stamp from the source of: 2012-Sep4

```
 \begin{array}{l} x <- \operatorname{mgug4104aACCNUM} \\ \# \ \operatorname{Get} \ \operatorname{the} \ \operatorname{probe} \ \operatorname{identifiers} \ \operatorname{that} \ \operatorname{are} \ \operatorname{mapped} \ \operatorname{to} \ \operatorname{an} \ \operatorname{ACCNUM} \\ \operatorname{mapped} \_\operatorname{probes} <- \ \operatorname{mappedkeys}(x) \\ \# \ \operatorname{Convert} \ \operatorname{to} \ \operatorname{a} \ \operatorname{list} \\ \operatorname{xx} <- \ \operatorname{as.list}(x[\operatorname{mapped} \_\operatorname{probes}]) \\ \operatorname{if}(\operatorname{length}(xx) > 0) \ \{ \\ \# \ \operatorname{Get} \ \operatorname{the} \ \operatorname{ACCNUM} \ \operatorname{for} \ \operatorname{the} \ \operatorname{first} \ \operatorname{five} \ \operatorname{probes} \\ \operatorname{xx}[1:5] \\ \# \ \operatorname{Get} \ \operatorname{the} \ \operatorname{first} \ \operatorname{one} \\ \operatorname{xx}[[1]] \\ \} \end{array}
```

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```
mgug4104aALIAS2PROBE
```

Map between Common Gene Symbol Identifiers and Manufacturer Identifiers

# **Description**

mgug4104aALIAS is an R object that provides mappings between common gene symbol identifiers and manufacturer identifiers.

#### **Details**

Each gene symbol is mapped to a named vector of manufacturer identifiers. The name represents the gene symbol and the vector contains all manufacturer identifiers that are found for that symbol. An NA is reported for any gene symbol that cannot be mapped to any manufacturer identifiers.

This mapping includes ALL gene symbols including those which are already listed in the SYMBOL map. The SYMBOL map is meant to only list official gene symbols, while the ALIAS maps are meant to store all used symbols.

Mappings were based on data provided by: Entrez Gene ftp://ftp.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gene/DATA With a date stamp from the source of: 2012-Sep4

# **Examples**

```
# Convert the object to a list xx <- as.list(mgug4104aALIAS2PROBE) if (length(xx) > 0) {
# Get the probe identifiers for the first two aliases xx[1:2]
# Get the first one xx[[1]]
}
```

mgug4104a.db

Bioconductor annotation data package

# Description

Welcome to the mgug4104a.db annotation Package. The purpose of this package is to provide detailed information about the mgug4104a platform. This package is updated biannually.

You can learn what objects this package supports with the following command:

```
ls("package:mgug4104a.db")
```

Each of these objects has their own manual page detailing where relevant data was obtained along with some examples of how to use it.

```
ls("package:mgug4104a.db")
```

# mgug4104aCHRLENGTHS

A named vector for the length of each of the chromosomes

# **Description**

mgug4104aCHRLENGTHS provides the length measured in base pairs for each of the chromosomes.

#### **Details**

This is a named vector with chromosome numbers as the names and the corresponding lengths for chromosomes as the values.

Total lengths of chromosomes were derived by calculating the number of base pairs on the sequence string for each chromosome.

# **Examples**

```
\label{eq:tt} \begin{array}{l} tt <- \mbox{ mgug4104aCHRLENGTHS} \\ \# \mbox{ Length of chromosome 1} \\ tt["1"] \end{array}
```

mgug4104aCHRLOC

Map Manufacturer IDs to Chromosomal Location

# **Description**

mgug4104aCHRLOC is an R object that maps manufacturer identifiers to the starting position of the gene. The position of a gene is measured as the number of base pairs.

The CHRLOCEND mapping is the same as the CHRLOC mapping except that it specifies the ending base of a gene instead of the start.

# **Details**

Each manufacturer identifier maps to a named vector of chromosomal locations, where the name indicates the chromosome. Due to inconsistencies that may exist at the time the object was built, these vectors may contain more than one chromosome and/or location. If the chromosomal location is unknown, the vector will contain an NA.

Chromosomal locations on both the sense and antisense strands are measured as the number of base pairs from the p (5' end of the sense strand) to q (3' end of the sense strand) arms. Chromosomal locations on the antisense strand have a leading "-" sign (e. g. -1234567).

Since some genes have multiple start sites, this field can map to multiple locations.

Mappings were based on data provided by: UCSC Genome Bioinformatics (Mus musculus) ftp://hgdownload.cse.ucsc.ed With a date stamp from the source of: 2012-Mar8

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# **Examples**

```
x <- mgug4104aCHRLOC  
# Get the probe identifiers that are mapped to chromosome locations mapped_probes <- mappedkeys(x)  
# Convert to a list  
xx <- as.list(x[mapped_probes])  
if(length(xx) > 0) {  
# Get the CHRLOC for the first five probes  
xx[1:5]  
# Get the first one  
xx[[1]] }
```

mgug4104aCHR

Map Manufacturer IDs to Chromosomes

# **Description**

mgug4104aCHR is an R object that provides mappings between a manufacturer identifier and the chromosome that contains the gene of interest.

# **Details**

Each manufacturer identifier maps to a vector of chromosomes. Due to inconsistencies that may exist at the time the object was built, the vector may contain more than one chromosome (e.g., the identifier may map to more than one chromosome). If the chromosomal location is unknown, the vector will contain an NA.

Mappings were based on data provided by: Entrez Gene ftp://ftp.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gene/DATA With a date stamp from the source of: 2012-Sep4

```
x <- mgug4104aCHR 

# Get the probe identifiers that are mapped to a chromosome mapped_probes <- mappedkeys(x) 

# Convert to a list 

xx <- as.list(x[mapped_probes]) 

if(length(xx) > 0) { 

# Get the CHR for the first five probes 

xx[1:5] 

# Get the first one 

xx[[1]] }
```

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mgug4104a dbconn	Collect information about the package annotation DB
~ _	1 0

# Description

Some convenience functions for getting a connection object to (or collecting information about) the package annotation DB.

# Usage

```
\begin{array}{l} mgug4104a\_dbconn()\\ mgug4104a\_dbfile()\\ mgug4104a\_dbschema(file="", show.indices=FALSE)\\ mgug4104a\_dbInfo() \end{array}
```

#### **Arguments**

file A connection, or a character string naming the file to print to (see the file argu-

ment of the cat function for the details).

show.indices The CREATE INDEX statements are not shown by default. Use show.indices=TRUE

to get them.

#### **Details**

mgug4104a\_dbconn returns a connection object to the package annotation DB. IMPORTANT: Don't call dbDisconnect on the connection object returned by mgug4104a\_dbconn or you will break all the AnnDbObj objects defined in this package!

 $mgug4104a\_dbfile$  returns the path (character string) to the package annotation DB (this is an SQLite file).

mgug4104a dbschema prints the schema definition of the package annotation DB.

mgug4104a dbInfo prints other information about the package annotation DB.

# Value

```
mgug4104a\_dbconn: a DBIConnection object representing an open connection to the package annotation DB.
```

```
mgug4104a_dbfile: a character string with the path to the package annotation DB.
```

```
mgug4104a_dbschema: none (invisible NULL). mgug4104a dbInfo: none (invisible NULL).
```

# See Also

```
dbGetQuery, dbConnect, dbconn, dbfile, dbschema, dbInfo
```

#### **Examples**

```
## Count the number of rows in the "probes" table:
dbGetQuery(mgug4104a_dbconn(), "SELECT COUNT(*) FROM probes")

## The connection object returned by mgug4104a_dbconn() was

## created with:
dbConnect(SQLite(), dbname=mgug4104a_dbfile(), cache_size=64000,
synchronous=0)

mgug4104a_dbschema()

mgug4104a_dbInfo()
```

mgug4104aENSEMBL

Map Ensembl gene accession numbers with Entrez Gene identifiers

# **Description**

mgug4104aENSEMBL is an R object that contains mappings between manufacturer identifiers and Ensembl gene accession numbers.

# **Details**

This object is a simple mapping of manufacturer identifiers to Ensembl gene Accession Numbers.

Mappings were based on data provided by BOTH of these sources: http://www.ensembl.org/biomart/martview/ftp://ftp.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gene/DATA

For most species, this mapping is a combination of manufacturer to ensembl IDs from BOTH NCBI and ensembl. Users who wish to only use mappings from NCBI are encouraged to see the ncbi2ensembl table in the appropriate organism package. Users who wish to only use mappings from ensembl are encouraged to see the ensembl2ncbi table which is also found in the appropriate organism packages. These mappings are based upon the ensembl table which is contains data from BOTH of these sources in an effort to maximize the chances that you will find a match.

For worms and flies however, this mapping is based only on sources from ensembl, as these organisms do not have ensembl to entrez gene mapping data at NCBI.

```
x <- mgug4104aENSEMBL 

# Get the entrez gene IDs that are mapped to an Ensembl ID mapped_genes <- mappedkeys(x) 

# Convert to a list 

xx <- as.list(x[mapped_genes]) 

if(length(xx) > 0) { 

# Get the Ensembl gene IDs for the first five genes 

xx[1:5] 

# Get the first one 

xx[[1]] } 

#For the reverse map ENSEMBL2PROBE: 

# Convert to a list 

xx <- as.list(mgug4104aENSEMBL2PROBE) 

if(length(xx) > 0) {
```

```
# Gets the entrez gene IDs for the first five Ensembl IDs xx[1:5] # Get the first one xx[[1]]
```

mgug4104aENTREZID Map between Manufacturer Identifiers and Entrez Gene

# **Description**

mgug4104aENTREZID is an R object that provides mappings between manufacturer identifiers and Entrez Gene identifiers.

# **Details**

Each manufacturer identifier is mapped to a vector of Entrez Gene identifiers. An NA is assigned to those manufacturer identifiers that can not be mapped to an Entrez Gene identifier at this time.

If a given manufacturer identifier can be mapped to different Entrez Gene identifiers from various sources, we attempt to select the common identifiers. If a concensus cannot be determined, we select the smallest identifier.

Mappings were based on data provided by: Entrez Gene ftp://ftp.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gene/DATA With a date stamp from the source of: 2012-Sep4

# References

http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/entrez/query.fcgi?db=gene

```
x <- mgug4104aENTREZID  
# Get the probe identifiers that are mapped to an ENTREZ Gene ID mapped_probes <- mappedkeys(x)  
# Convert to a list  
xx <- as.list(x[mapped_probes])  
if(length(xx) > 0) {  
# Get the ENTREZID for the first five probes  
xx[1:5]  
# Get the first one  
xx[[1]] }
```

mgug4104aENZYME Maps between Manufacturer IDs and Enzyme Commission (EC) Numbers

# **Description**

mgug4104aENZYME is an R object that provides mappings between manufacturer identifiers and EC numbers. mgug4104aENZYME2PROBE is an R object that maps Enzyme Commission (EC) numbers to manufacturer identifiers.

#### **Details**

When the mgug4104aENZYME maping viewed as a list, each manufacturer identifier maps to a named vector containing the EC number that corresponds to the enzyme produced by that gene. The names corresponds to the manufacturer identifiers. If this information is unknown, the vector will contain an NA.

For the mgug4104aENZYME2PROBE, each EC number maps to a named vector containing all of the manufacturer identifiers that correspond to the gene that produces that enzyme. The name of the vector corresponds to the EC number.

Enzyme Commission numbers are assigned by the Nomenclature Committee of the International Union of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology <a href="http://www.chem.qmw.ac.uk/iubmb/enzyme/">http://www.chem.qmw.ac.uk/iubmb/enzyme/</a> to allow enzymes to be identified.

An Enzyme Commission number is of the format EC x.y.z.w, where x, y, z, and w are numeric numbers. In mgug4104aENZYME2PROBE, EC is dropped from the Enzyme Commission numbers.

Enzyme Commission numbers have corresponding names that describe the functions of enzymes in such a way that EC x is a more general description than EC x.y that in turn is a more general description than EC x.y.z. The top level EC numbers and names are listed below:

EC 1 oxidoreductases

EC 2 transferases

EC 3 hydrolases

EC 4 lyases

EC 5 isomerases

EC 6 ligases

The EC name for a given EC number can be viewed at <a href="http://www.chem.qmul.ac.uk/iupac/jcbn/index.html#6">http://www.chem.qmul.ac.uk/iupac/jcbn/index.html#6</a>

Mappings between probe identifiers and enzyme identifiers were obtained using files provided by: KEGG GENOME ftp://ftp.genome.jp/pub/kegg/genomes With a date stamp from the source of: 2011-Mar15

# References

ftp://ftp.genome.ad.jp/pub/kegg/pathways

#### **Examples**

```
x <- mgug4104aENZYME
\# Get the probe identifiers that are mapped to an EC number
mapped probes <- mappedkeys(x)
# Convert to a list
xx <- as.list(x[mapped probes])
if(length(xx) > 0) {
 \# Get the ENZYME for the first five probes
 xx[1:5]
 \# Get the first one
 xx[[1]]
}
\# Now convert mgug4104aENZYME2PROBE to a list to see inside
xx <- as.list(mgug4104aENZYME2PROBE)
if(length(xx) > 0){
  \# Get the probe identifiers for the first five enzyme
  \#commission numbers
  xx[1:5]
  \# Get the first one
  xx[[1]]
}
```

mgug4104aGENENAME

Map between Manufacturer IDs and Genes

# **Description**

mgug4104aGENENAME is an R object that maps manufacturer identifiers to the corresponding gene name.

#### **Details**

Each manufacturer identifier maps to a named vector containing the gene name. The vector name corresponds to the manufacturer identifier. If the gene name is unknown, the vector will contain an NA

Gene names currently include both the official (validated by a nomenclature committee) and preferred names (interim selected for display) for genes. Efforts are being made to differentiate the two by adding a name to the vector.

Mappings were based on data provided by: Entrez Gene ftp://ftp.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gene/DATA With a date stamp from the source of: 2012-Sep4

```
x <- mgug4104aGENENAME \\ \# Get the probe identifiers that are mapped to a gene name mapped_probes <- mappedkeys(x) \\ \# Convert to a list \\ xx <- as.list(x[mapped_probes]) \\ if(length(xx) > 0) \{ \\ \# Get the GENENAME for the first five probes \}
```

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```
xx[1:5]
# Get the first one
xx[[1]]
```

mgug4104aGO

Maps between manufacturer IDs and Gene Ontology (GO) IDs

# Description

mgug4104aGO is an R object that provides mappings between manufacturer identifiers and the GO identifiers that they are directly associated with. This mapping and its reverse mapping (mgug4104aGO2PROBE) do NOT associate the child terms from the GO ontology with the gene. Only the directly evidenced terms are represented here.

mgug4104aGO2ALLPROBES is an R object that provides mappings between a given GO identifier and all of the manufacturer identifiers annotated at that GO term OR TO ONE OF IT'S CHILD NODES in the GO ontology. Thus, this mapping is much larger and more inclusive than mgug4104aGO2PROBE.

# **Details**

If mgug4104aGO is cast as a list, each manufacturer identifier is mapped to a list of lists. The names on the outer list are GO identifiers. Each inner list consists of three named elements: GOID, Ontology, and Evidence.

The GOID element matches the GO identifier named in the outer list and is included for convenience when processing the data using 'lapply'.

The Ontology element indicates which of the three Gene Ontology categories this identifier belongs to. The categories are biological process (BP), cellular component (CC), and molecular function (MF).

The Evidence element contains a code indicating what kind of evidence supports the association of the GO identifier to the manufacturer id. The evidence codes in use include:

IMP: inferred from mutant phenotype IGI: inferred from genetic interaction IPI: inferred from physical interaction ISS: inferred from sequence similarity

IDA: inferred from direct assay IEP: inferred from expression pattern

IEA: inferred from electronic annotation

TAS: traceable author statement

NAS: non-traceable author statement ND: no biological data available

IC: inferred by curator

If mgug4104aGO2ALLPROBES or mgug4104aGO2PROBE is cast as a list, each GO term maps to a named vector of manufacturer identifiers and evidence codes. A GO identifier may be mapped to the same manufacturer identifier more than once but the evidence code can be different. Mappings

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between Gene Ontology identifiers and Gene Ontology terms and other information are available in a separate data package named GO.

Whenever any of these mappings are cast as a data.frame, all the results will be output in an appropriate tabular form.

Mappings between manufacturer identifiers and GO information were obtained through their mappings to manufacturer identifiers. NAs are assigned to manufacturer identifiers that can not be mapped to any Gene Ontology information. Mappings between Gene Ontology identifiers an Gene Ontology terms and other information are available in a separate data package named GO.

All mappings were based on data provided by: Gene Ontology ftp://ftp.geneontology.org/pub/go/godatabase/archive/lates/lite/ With a date stamp from the source of: 20120901

# References

```
ftp://ftp.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gene/DATA/
```

# See Also

```
mgug4104aGO2ALLPROBES.
```

```
x < - mgug4104aGO
# Get the manufacturer identifiers that are mapped to a GO ID
mapped genes <- mappedkeys(x)
# Convert to a list
xx <- as.list(x[mapped genes])
if(length(xx) > 0) {
   # Try the first one
   got <- xx[[1]]
   got[[1]][["GOID"]]
   got[[1]][["Ontology"]]
   got[[1]][["Evidence"]]
}
\# For the reverse map:
# Convert to a list
xx <- as.list(mgug4104aGO2PROBE)
if(length(xx) > 0)
   # Gets the manufacturer ids for the top 2nd and 3nd GO identifiers
   goids \langle -xx[2:3] \rangle
   \# Gets the manufacturer ids for the first element of goids
   goids[[1]]
   \# Evidence code for the mappings
   \mathrm{names}(\mathrm{goids}[[1]])
\# Convert mgug4104aGO2ALLPROBES to a list
xx <- as.list(mgug4104aGO2ALLPROBES)
if(length(xx) > 0)
   # Gets the manufacturer identifiers for the top 2nd and 3nd GO identifiers
   goids \langle -xx[2:3] \rangle
   \# Gets all the manufacturer identifiers for the first element of goids
   goids[[1]]
   \# Evidence code for the mappings
   names(goids[[1]])
}
```

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```
mgug4104aMAPCOUNTS
```

Number of mapped keys for the maps in package mgug4104a.db

# **Description**

mgug4104aMAPCOUNTS provides the "map count" (i.e. the count of mapped keys) for each map in package mgug4104a.db.

# **Details**

This "map count" information is precalculated and stored in the package annotation DB. This allows some quality control and is used by the checkMAPCOUNTS function defined in AnnotationDbi to compare and validate different methods (like count.mappedkeys(x) or sum(!is.na(as.list(x)))) for getting the "map count" of a given map.

# See Also

mappedkeys, count.mappedkeys, checkMAPCOUNTS

# **Examples**

```
\begin{split} & mgug4104aMAPCOUNTS \\ & mapnames <- names(mgug4104aMAPCOUNTS) \\ & mgug4104aMAPCOUNTS[mapnames[1]] \\ & x <- get(mapnames[1]) \\ & sum(!is.na(as.list(x))) \\ & count.mappedkeys(x) & \# \ much \ faster! \\ & \#\# \ Check \ the \ "map \ count" \ of \ all \ the \ maps \ in \ package \ mgug4104a.db \\ & checkMAPCOUNTS("mgug4104a.db") \end{split}
```

mgug4104aMGI

Map MGI gene accession numbers with manufacturer identifiers

# Description

mgug4104aMGI is an R object that contains mappings between manufacturer identifiers and Jackson Laboratory MGI gene accession numbers.

# **Details**

This object is a simple mapping of manufacturer identifiers to MGI gene Accession Numbers.

Mappings were based on data provided by: Entrez Gene ftp://ftp.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gene/DATA With a date stamp from the source of: 2012-Sep4

#### **Examples**

```
x <- mgug4104aMGI
\# Get the manufacturer IDs that are mapped to an MGI ID
mapped genes <- mappedkeys(x)
\# Convert to a list
xx <- as.list(x[mapped genes])
if(length(xx) > 0) {
 # Get the MGI IDs for the first five genes
 xx[1:5]
 \# Get the first one
 xx[[1]]
#For the reverse map MGI2EG:
# Convert to a list
xx <- as.list(mgug4104aMGI2PROBE)
if(length(xx) > 0)
  \# Gets the manufacturer IDs for the first five MGI IDs
  xx[1:5]
  \# Get the first one
 xx[[1]]
}
```

mgug4104aORGANISM The Organism information for mgug4104a

# **Description**

mgug4104aORGANISM is an R object that contains a single item: a character string that names the organism for which mgug4104a was built. mgug4104aORGPKG is an R object that contains a character vector with the name of the organism package that a chip package depends on for its gene-centric annotation.

#### **Details**

Although the package name is suggestive of the organism for which it was built, mgug4104aORGANISM provides a simple way to programmatically extract the organism name. mgug4104aORGPKG provides a simple way to programmatically extract the name of the parent organism package. The parent organism package is a strict dependency for chip packages as this is where the gene cetric information is ultimately extracted from. The full package name will always be this string plus the extension ".db". But most programatic access will not require this extension, so its more convenient to leave it out.

#### **Examples**

 $\begin{array}{l} mgug4104aORGANISM \\ mgug4104aORGPKG \end{array}$ 

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mgug4104aPATH

Mappings between probe identifiers and KEGG pathway identifiers

# **Description**

KEGG (Kyoto Encyclopedia of Genes and Genomes) maintains pathway data for various organisms.

mgug4104aPATH maps probe identifiers to the identifiers used by KEGG for pathways in which the genes represented by the probe identifiers are involved

mgug4104aPATH2PROBE is an R object that provides mappings between KEGG identifiers and manufacturer identifiers.

#### **Details**

Each KEGG pathway has a name and identifier. Pathway name for a given pathway identifier can be obtained using the KEGG data package that can either be built using AnnBuilder or downloaded from Bioconductor <a href="http://www.bioconductor.org">http://www.bioconductor.org</a>.

Graphic presentations of pathways are searchable at url http://www.genome.ad.jp/kegg/pathway.html by using pathway identifiers as keys.

Mappings were based on data provided by: KEGG GENOME ftp://ftp.genome.jp/pub/kegg/genomes With a date stamp from the source of: 2011-Mar15

# References

http://www.genome.ad.jp/kegg/

```
x <- mgug4104aPATH
# Get the probe identifiers that are mapped to a KEGG pathway ID
mapped probes <- mappedkeys(x)
\# Convert to a list
xx <- as.list(x[mapped probes])
if(length(xx) > 0) {
 # Get the PATH for the first five probes
 xx[1:5]
 \# Get the first one
 xx[[1]]
\# Now convert the mgug4104aPATH2PROBE object to a list
xx <- as.list(mgug4104aPATH2PROBE)
if(length(xx) > 0)
   \# Get the probe identifiers for the first two pathway identifiers
  xx[1:2]
   \# Get the first one
  xx[[1]]
}
```

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mgug4104aPFAM

Map Manufacturer IDs to Pfam IDs

# **Description**

mgug4104aPFAM is an R object that provides mappings between a manufacturer identifier and the associated Pfam identifiers.

#### **Details**

Each manufacturer identifier maps to a named vector of Pfam identifiers. The name for each Pfam identifier is the IPI accession numbe where this Pfam identifier is found.

If the Pfam is a named NA, it means that the associated Entrez Gene id of this manufacturer identifier is found in an IPI entry of the IPI database, but there is no Pfam identifier in the entry.

If the Pfam is a non-named NA, it means that the associated Entrez Gene id of this manufacturer identifier is not found in any IPI entry of the IPI database.

Mappings were based on data provided by: Uniprot http://www.uniprot.org/ With a date stamp from the source of: Thu Sep 6 14:41:14 2012

# **Examples**

```
 \begin{array}{l} x <- \mbox{mgug4104aPFAM} \\ \# \mbox{ Get the probe identifiers that are mapped to any Pfam ID} \\ \mbox{mapped\_probes} <- \mbox{mappedkeys}(x) \\ \# \mbox{ Convert to a list} \\ xx <- \mbox{as.list}(x[\mbox{mapped\_probes}]) \\ \# \mbox{ randomly display 10 probes} \\ \mbox{sample}(xx, 10) \\ \end{array}
```

mgug4104aPMID

Maps between Manufacturer Identifiers and PubMed Identifiers

# **Description**

mgug4104aPMID is an R object that provides mappings between manufacturer identifiers and PubMed identifiers. mgug4104aPMID2PROBE is an R object that provides mappings between PubMed identifiers and manufacturer identifiers.

# **Details**

When mgug4104aPMID is viewed as a list each manufacturer identifier is mapped to a named vector of PubMed identifiers. The name associated with each vector corresponds to the manufacturer identifier. The length of the vector may be one or greater, depending on how many PubMed identifiers a given manufacturer identifier is mapped to. An NA is reported for any manufacturer identifier that cannot be mapped to a PubMed identifier.

When mgug4104aPMID2PROBE is viewed as a list each PubMed identifier is mapped to a named vector of manufacturer identifiers. The name represents the PubMed identifier and the vector contains all manufacturer identifiers that are represented by that PubMed identifier. The length of the

vector may be one or longer, depending on how many manufacturer identifiers are mapped to a given PubMed identifier.

Titles, abstracts, and possibly full texts of articles can be obtained from PubMed by providing a valid PubMed identifier. The pubmed function of annotate can also be used for the same purpose.

Mappings were based on data provided by: Entrez Gene ftp://ftp.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gene/DATA With a date stamp from the source of: 2012-Sep4

#### References

http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/entrez/query.fcgi?db=PubMed

#### **Examples**

```
x <- mgug4104aPMID
   \# Get the probe identifiers that are mapped to any PubMed ID
  mapped probes <- mappedkeys(x)
   \# Convert to a list
   xx <- as.list(x[mapped_probes])
if(length(xx) > 0)
   # Get the PubMed identifiers for the first two probe identifiers
   xx[1:2]
   \# Get the first one
   xx[[1]]
   if(interactive() \&\& !is.null(xx[[1]]) \&\& !is.na(xx[[1]])
     && require(annotate)){
      \# Get article information as XML files
      xmls <- pubmed(xx[[1]], disp = "data")
      # View article information using a browser
      pubmed(xx[[1]], disp = "browser")
}
\# Now convert the reverse map object mgug4104aPMID2PROBE to a list
xx <- as.list(mgug4104aPMID2PROBE)
if(length(xx) > 0){
   \# Get the probe identifiers for the first two PubMed identifiers
   xx[1:2]
   \# Get the first one
   xx[[1]]
   if(interactive() && require(annotate)){
      \# Get article information as XML files for a PubMed id
      xmls < -pubmed(names(xx)[1], disp = "data")
      # View article information using a browser
      pubmed(names(xx)[1],\, disp = "browser")
   }
}
```

mgug4104aPROSITE Map Manufacturer IDs to PROSITE ID

# **Description**

mgug4104aPROSITE is an R object that provides mappings between a manufacturer identifier and the associated PROSITE identifiers.

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#### **Details**

Each manufacturer identifier maps to a named vector of PROSITE identifiers. The name for each PROSITE identifier is the IPI accession numbe where this PROSITE identifier is found.

If the PROSITE is a named NA, it means that the associated Entrez Gene id of this manufacturer identifier is found in an IPI entry of the IPI database, but there is no PROSITE identifier in the entry.

If the PROSITE is a non-named NA, it means that the associated Entrez Gene id of this manufacturer identifier is not found in any IPI entry of the IPI database.

Mappings were based on data provided by: Uniprot http://www.uniprot.org/ With a date stamp from the source of: Thu Sep 6 14:41:14 2012

# **Examples**

```
x <- mgug4104aPROSITE

# Get the probe identifiers that are mapped to any PROSITE ID
mapped_probes <- mappedkeys(x)

# Convert to a list
xxx <- as.list(x[mapped_probes])

# randomly display 10 probes
xxx[sample(1:length(xxx), 10)]
```

mgug4104aREFSEQ

Map between Manufacturer Identifiers and RefSeq Identifiers

# **Description**

mgug4104aREFSEQ is an R object that provides mappings between manufacturer identifiers and RefSeq identifiers.

#### Details

Each manufacturer identifier is mapped to a named vector of RefSeq identifiers. The name represents the manufacturer identifier and the vector contains all RefSeq identifiers that can be mapped to that manufacturer identifier. The length of the vector may be one or greater, depending on how many RefSeq identifiers a given manufacturer identifier can be mapped to. An NA is reported for any manufacturer identifier that cannot be mapped to a RefSeq identifier at this time.

RefSeq identifiers differ in format according to the type of record the identifiers are for as shown below:

NG\ XXXXX: RefSeq accessions for genomic region (nucleotide) records

NM\\_XXXXX: RefSeq accessions for mRNA records

NC\\_XXXXX: RefSeq accessions for chromosome records

NP\\_XXXXX: RefSeq accessions for protein records

XR\\_XXXXX: RefSeq accessions for model RNAs that are not associated with protein products

XM\\_XXXXX: RefSeq accessions for model mRNA records

XP\\_XXXXX: RefSeq accessions for model protein records

Where XXXXX is a sequence of integers.

NCBI http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/RefSeq/ allows users to query the RefSeq database using RefSeq identifiers.

Mappings were based on data provided by: Entrez Gene ftp://ftp.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gene/DATA With a date stamp from the source of: 2012-Sep4

#### References

http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/RefSeq/

#### **Examples**

```
x <- mgug4104aREFSEQ \# Get the probe identifiers that are mapped to any RefSeq ID mapped_probes <- mappedkeys(x) \# Convert to a list xx <- as.list(x[mapped_probes]) if(length(xx) > 0) { \# Get the REFSEQ for the first five probes xx[1:5] \# Get the first one xx[[1]] }
```

mgug4104aSYMBOL

Map between Manufacturer Identifiers and Gene Symbols

# **Description**

mgug4104aSYMBOL is an R object that provides mappings between manufacturer identifiers and gene abbreviations.

#### **Details**

Each manufacturer identifier is mapped to an abbreviation for the corresponding gene. An NA is reported if there is no known abbreviation for a given gene.

Symbols typically consist of 3 letters that define either a single gene (ABC) or multiple genes (ABC1, ABC2, ABC3). Gene symbols can be used as key words to query public databases such as Entrez Gene.

Mappings were based on data provided by: Entrez Gene ftp://ftp.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gene/DATA With a date stamp from the source of: 2012-Sep4

# References

http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/entrez/query.fcgi?db=gene

```
x <- mgug4104aSYMBOL  
# Get the probe identifiers that are mapped to a gene symbol mapped_probes <- mappedkeys(x)  
# Convert to a list  
xx <- as.list(x[mapped_probes])  
if(length(xx) > 0) {  
# Get the SYMBOL for the first five probes  
xx[1:5]  
# Get the first one  
xx[[1]] }
```

mgug4104aUNIGENE

Map between Manufacturer Identifiers and UniGene cluster identifiers

#### **Description**

mgug4104aUNIGENE is an R object that provides mappings between manufacturer identifiers and UniGene identifiers.

#### Details

Each manufacturer identifier is mapped to a UniGene identifier. An NA is reported if the manufacturer identifier cannot be mapped to UniGene at this time.

A UniGene identifier represents a cluster of sequences of a gene. Using UniGene identifiers one can query the UniGene database for information about the sequences or the Entrez Gene database for information about the genes.

Mappings were based on data provided by: Entrez Gene ftp://ftp.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gene/DATA With a date stamp from the source of: 2012-Sep4

# References

http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/entrez/query.fcgi?db=gene

# **Examples**

```
x <- mgug4104aUNIGENE 

# Get the probe identifiers that are mapped to an UNIGENE ID mapped_probes <- mappedkeys(x) 

# Convert to a list 

xx <- as.list(x[mapped_probes]) 

if(length(xx) > 0) { 

# Get the UNIGENE for the first five probes 

xx[1:5] 

# Get the first one 

xx[[1]] }
```

mgug4104aUNIPROT

Map Uniprot accession numbers with Entrez Gene identifiers

# **Description**

mgug4104aUNIPROT is an R object that contains mappings between the manufacturer identifiers and Uniprot accession numbers.

# **Details**

This object is a simple mapping of manufacturer identifiers to Uniprot Accessions.

Mappings were based on data provided by NCBI (link above) with an exception for fly, which required retrieving the data from ensembl <a href="http://www.ensembl.org/biomart/martview/">http://www.ensembl.org/biomart/martview/</a>

```
x <- mgug4104aUNIPROT  
# Get the entrez gene IDs that are mapped to an Uniprot ID mapped_genes <- mappedkeys(x)  
# Convert to a list  
xx <- as.list(x[mapped_genes])  
if(length(xx) > 0) {  
# Get the Uniprot IDs for the first five genes  
xx[1:5]  
# Get the first one  
xx[[1]] }
```

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